## NAME;ELEPO KHADIJAH OPEOLUWA

## DEPARTMENT: NURSING SCIENCE

MATRIC NUMBER: 19/MHS02/046
COURSE CODE: CHM102
1.Name the functional groups present in each of the following molecules
(i) $\mathrm{CH} 2=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{HCHO}$
a. alkene(double bond)
b. alkanol
c. alkanal
(ii) $\mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{NH} 2) \mathrm{COCH} 3$
a.amine
b. alkanone/ketone
c. phenyl group
(iii) $\mathrm{CH} 3 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CHCH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CHO}$
a. alkene
b. alkanol
c. alkanal
2.A 0.856 g sample of pure ( $2 \mathrm{R}, 3 \mathrm{R}$ )-tatrtaric acid was diluted to 10 cm 3 with water and placed in a 1.0 dm polarimeter tube. the observed rotation at 200 C was +1.00 .
Calculate the specific rotation of ( $2 \mathrm{R}, 3 \mathrm{R}$ )-tatrtaric acid.
Specific rotation= Observed rotation(degrees)
concentration $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3} \mathrm{x}$ path lenght of sample in dm
Specific rotation $=+1.0^{\circ}$
$0.0856 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3} \times 1 \mathrm{dm}$
Specific rotation $=11.68^{\circ} \mathrm{g}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \mathrm{dm}^{-1}$
3.Draw the possible geometric isomers(where possible) for each of the following compounds
a. Hexa-2,4-diene b. 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene

ANSWER
4.


Hexa 2, 4, di-ene



Cis Hexa 2,4, diene trans Hexa 2,4, diene
(b)

$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$

(No geometric isomers)

