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#### ASSIGNMENT SOLUTIONS

1. A. Based on the number of hydrogen attached to the carbon carrying the functional group.

a. Primary alcohols: if the number of hydrogen attached to the carbon carrying the -OH is 2 or 3. Eg.  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ - ETHANOL

b. Secondary alcohols: if the number of hydrogen attached to the carbon carrying the -OH is just 1. Eg.  $\text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_3$ - PROPAN-2-OL

c. Tertiary alcohols: if there is no hydrogen atom attached to the carbon carrying the hydroxyl group. Eg.  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{COH}$ - 2-METHYL-PROPAN-2-OL

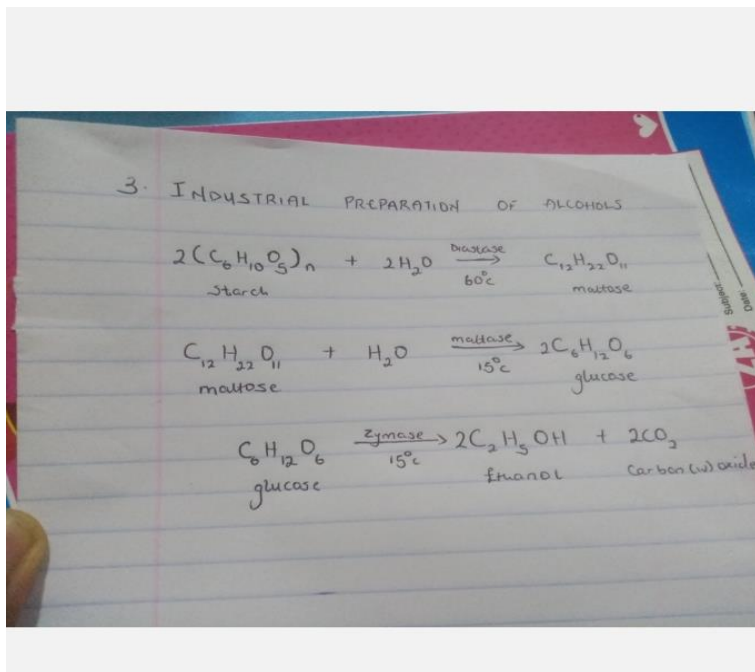
B. Based on the number of hydroxyl groups present in the compound.

a. Monohydric alcohols: they are alcohols with just one hydroxyl group. Eg.  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ - PROPANOL

b. Dihydric alcohols: they have 2 hydroxyl groups. Eg.  $\text{CH}_2(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2(\text{OH})$ - ETHAN-1,2-DIOL

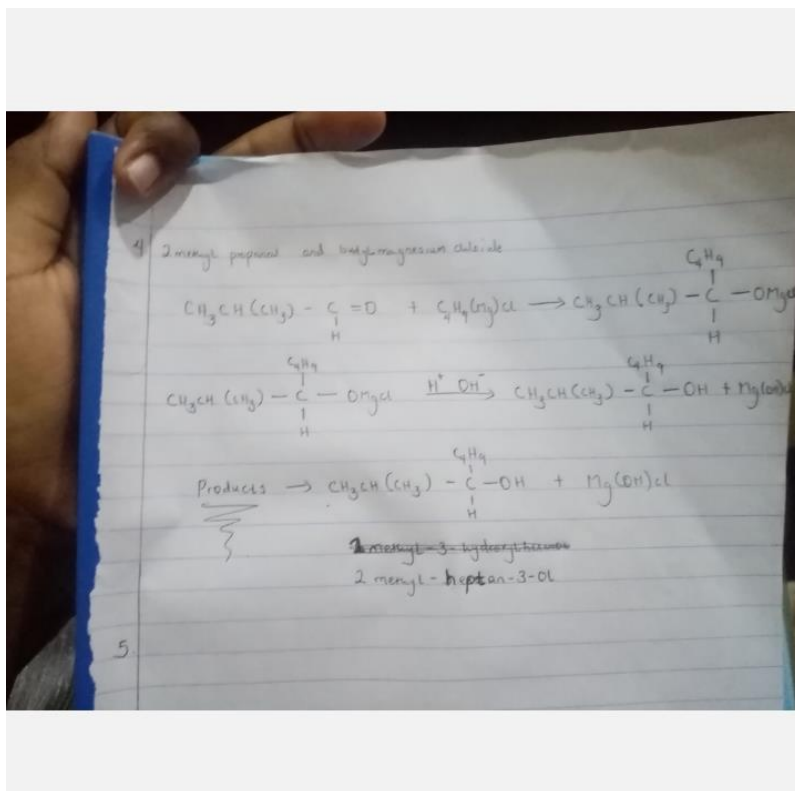
c. Trihydric alcohols: they have 3 hydroxyl groups. Eg: PROPAN-1,2,3-TRIOL----  $\text{CH}_2(\text{OH})\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2(\text{OH})$

2. Alcohols especially those with 3 and less number of carbon atoms in their molecules are soluble in water because they can form hydrogen with water molecules. Also, all monohydric alcohols are soluble in organic solvents.



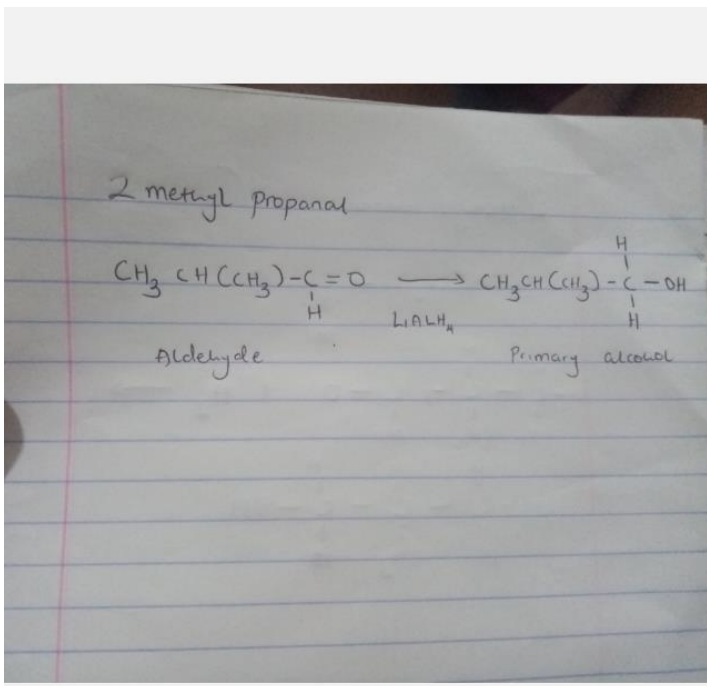
### 3. INDUSTRIAL PREPARATION OF ETHANOL

#### 4. 2- Methyl propanal and butylmagnesiumchloride



Questions 5 and 6 are incorrect.

7. reduction of 2 methyl propanal



## 8. conversion of propan-1-ol to propan-2-ol

