

$$1) x=t, y=t^2, z=t^3$$

$$r = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$$

$$r = t\mathbf{i} + t^2\mathbf{j} + t^3\mathbf{k}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \mathbf{i} + 2t\mathbf{j} + 3t^2\mathbf{k}$$

$$|\frac{dr}{dt}| = \sqrt{(\frac{dx}{dt})^2 + (\frac{dy}{dt})^2 + (\frac{dz}{dt})^2} = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (3)^2}$$

$$\therefore T(t) = \frac{(\frac{dr}{dt})}{|\frac{dr}{dt}|} = \frac{\mathbf{i} + 2t\mathbf{j} + 3t^2\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$\therefore \text{Unit tangent at } t=1, T_{(1)} = \frac{\mathbf{i} + 2(1)\mathbf{j} + 3(1)^2\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$= \frac{\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$2) \bar{A} = 4t^3\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k} \quad \bar{B} = 2t^2\mathbf{i} + 4t$$

$$G = \bar{A} \times \bar{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

?

$$\therefore G = \mathbf{i}(0-20) - \mathbf{j}(0-10) + \mathbf{k}(0-8)$$

$$G = -20\mathbf{i} + 10\mathbf{j} - 8\mathbf{k}$$

$$\therefore \int G(t) dt = -20t\mathbf{i} + 10t\mathbf{j} - 8t\mathbf{k} + c$$

$$\int_0^1 G(t) dt = \left[-20t + 10t - 8t \right]_0^1$$

$$= [-20(1) + 10(1) - 8(1)] - 0$$

$$= -18 - 0$$

$$= -18 \text{ units}$$