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 Course: Mat 102

$$1. x=t, y=t^2, z=t^3$$

$$r = x_i + y_j + z_k$$

$$r = t i + t^2 j + t^3 k$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 1i + 2tj + 3t^2k$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 1 + 2t i + 3t^2 k$$

$$\left| \frac{dr}{dt} \right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dz}{dt}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (3)^2} = \sqrt{14}$$

$$T(t) = \frac{\left(\frac{dr}{dt}\right)}{\left|\frac{dr}{dt}\right|} = \frac{1 + 2t i + 3t^2 k}{\sqrt{14}}$$

Unit tangent at $t=1$,

$$T(1) = \frac{1 + 2(1)i + 3(1)^2 k}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 2i + 3k}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$2) \vec{A} = 4i + 5k$$

$$\vec{B} = 2i + 4j$$

$$C = \vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\therefore C = i(0-20) - j(0-10) + k(16-8)$$

$$C = -20i + 10j - 8k$$

$$\therefore \int (-Ct) dt = -20t^2 + 10t^2 - 3t^2 k + C$$

$$\int_0^1 (-Ct) dt = \sqrt{-20t + 10t - 3t^2 k + C}$$

$$= [-20(1) + 10(1) - 3(1)k + C]$$

$$- [-20(0) + 10(0) - 3(0)k + C]$$

$$= -13 - 0$$

$$= -13 \text{ square units}$$