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Dept.: PHARMACY

Course: CHM102

### **ASSIGNMENT**

- 1. Name the functional groups present in each of the following molecules.
  - (i) CH<sub>2</sub>=C(OH)HCHO (ii) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)COCH<sub>3</sub>
  - (iii) CH<sub>3</sub>C=CHCH(OH)CHO

### Answer

### a) $CH_2 = C(OH)HCHO$

Functional group present are;

- Double bond chain (Alkene)
- OH (Hydroxyl group)
- C = O (Alkanol) H

# b) $C_6H_5CH(NH_2)COCH_3$

Functional group present are;

- Phenol group with double bonds
- Amine (NH<sub>2</sub>)
- Alkanone / Ketone (C = O)

# c) CH<sub>3</sub>C=CHCH(OH)CHO

Functional group present are;

- Double bond (=)
- C = O (Alkanol) H
- OH (Hydroxyl group)
- 2. A 0.856g sample of pure (2R, 3R) tartaric acid was diluted to 10cm3 with water and placed in a 1.0dm polarimeter tube. The observed rotation at  $20^{\circ}$ C was  $+1.0^{\circ}$ . Calculate the specific rotation of (2R, 3R)-tartaric acid.

#### **Answer**

Mass of tartaric acid = 0.856g Vol. of water diluted in =10cm<sup>3</sup> Recall;

Mass Conc. (C) = 
$$\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{vol.}} = \frac{0.856\text{g}}{10\text{cm}^3}$$

Vol. of Polarimeter tube =  $1 \text{dm}^3$ Therefore; Length of tube = 1 dmObserved rotation ( $\alpha$ ) = ?

$$(\alpha) = \frac{\alpha}{C \times L}$$

$$= \frac{+1.0^{0}}{0.0856 \text{g cm}^{-3} \times 1 \text{dm}}$$

$$(\alpha) = \frac{+1.0^0}{0.0856} = +11.6822^0$$

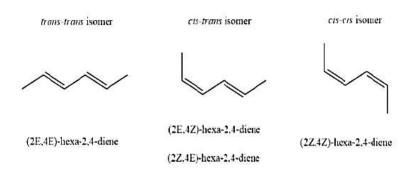
- 3. Draw the possible geometric isomers (where possible) for each of the following compounds;
  - (i) Hexa-2,4-diene (ii) 2, 3-Dimethylbut-2-ene

#### **Answer**

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H & & H \\ \hline \end{array}$$

(i) Hexa-2,4-diene – has only 3 isomers

### **Isomers**



(ii) 2,3 dimethylbut-2-ene – does not have geometric isomers because there are two identical group attached to the same carbon of the double bond

$$CH_3$$
  $C=C$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$