

Plano: SHOKUMA, Engineering

Dept: Mechanical Engineering

MNno: 17IENG001075

Course code: ENG382

$$\Delta t = 0.01 \text{ day}, \Delta x = 0.01 \text{ m}$$

$$U_t - C U_{xx} = 0 \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ m}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 0.1 \text{ days}$$

$$\text{Initial condition, } U(x, 0) = x^4 / 4, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ m} \quad + C_1 U(-x-1) + C_2 U_x = 0$$

$$U(0, t) = 0 \text{ K}, \quad U(1, t) = 1 \text{ K} \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 0.1 \text{ days}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad x = 0 \text{ m}, \quad x = 1 \text{ m} \quad \Delta x = 0.2 \text{ m}, \quad \Delta t = 0.02 \text{ days}$$

$$C_2 = 1 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{day}} \quad + C_1 + (C_2 x)^4 / 4 = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 x^4 / 4 = 0 + C_2 U(-x-1) + C_2 U_x = 0$$

$$U_t - C U_{xx} = 0$$

$$1. \quad U_t - U_{xx} = 0, \quad C = 1$$

$$\frac{dU}{dt} = \frac{d^2U}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$U(x, 0) = x^4 / 4 + 0 + (1-2r)U(-x-1) + rU_x = 0 + C_1 U(-x-1) + C_2 U_x = 0$$

$$U(0, 0) = (0.2)^4 / 4 + 0 + (0.2)(-0.2)U(-0.2-1) + 0.2U_x = 0 + C_1 U(-0.2-1) + C_2 U_x = 0$$

$$\text{Initial condition, } 0 + 0 + (0.2)(-0.2)U(-0.2-1) + 0.2U_x = 0 + C_1 U(-0.2-1) + C_2 U_x = 0$$

$$U(0, 0) = x^4 / 4 \quad \Delta t = 0.01 \text{ day}, \quad \Delta x = 0.01 \text{ m} \quad \text{and} \quad r = \frac{1-2r}{(\Delta x)^2} = \frac{0.02}{(0.2)^2} = \frac{0.02}{0.04} = 0.5$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x = 0.2, \quad U_{0,0} = (0.2)^4 / 4 = 1.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ K}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x = 0.4, \quad U_{0,0} = (0.4)^4 / 4 = 0.0256 \text{ K}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x = 0.6, \quad U_{0,0} = (0.6)^4 / 4 = 0.1296 \text{ K}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad x = 0.8, \quad U_{0,0} = (0.8)^4 / 4 = 0.4096 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{From initial cond., } U_{0,0} = 0 \text{ K}, \quad U_{5,0} = 1 \text{ K} \quad \therefore (1-2r) = 0$$

When  $x=1, t=0$

$$U_{1,0} = r U_{0,0} + (1-2r)U_{1,0} + rU_{2,0} = 0 + 0 + 0.5(0.0256) = 0.0128$$

$$U_{2,0} = r U_{1,0} + (1-2r)U_{2,0} + rU_{3,0} = 0.5(0.0128) + 0 + 0.5(0.1296) = 0.0656$$

$$U_{3,0} = r U_{2,0} + (1-2r)U_{3,0} + rU_{4,0} = 0.5(0.0256) + 0 + 0.5(0.4096) = 0.2176$$

$$U_{4,0} = r U_{3,0} + (1-2r)U_{4,0} + rU_{5,0} = 0.5(0.1296) + 0 + 0.5(1) = 0.0648 + 0.5648$$

When  $x=1, t=0$ , when  $U_{0,0}=0 \text{ K}; U_{5,0}=1 \text{ K}$

When  $x=1, t=0$

$$U_{1,1} = r U_{0,0} + (1-2r)U_{1,0} + rU_{2,0} = 0.5(0) + 0 + 0.5(0.0656) = 0.0328 \text{ K}$$

$$U_{2,1} = r U_{1,0} + (1-2r)U_{2,0} + rU_{3,0} = 0.5(0.0128) + 0 + 0.5(0.2176) = 0.1152 \text{ K}$$

$$U_{3,1} = r U_{2,0} + (1-2r)U_{3,0} + rU_{4,0} = 0.5(0.0656) + 0 + 0.5(0.3648) = 0.3152 \text{ K}$$

$$U_{4,1} = r U_{3,0} + (1-2r)U_{4,0} + rU_{5,0} = 0.5(0.2176) + 0 + 0.5(1) = 0.6088 \text{ K}$$

$$U_{0,2} = 0 \text{ K}, \quad U_{5,2} = 1 \text{ K}$$

$n=1, t=2$ 

$$U_{1,3} = r U_{0,2} + (1-2r) U_{1,2} + r U_{2,2} = 0(0.5) + 0 + 0.5(0.0328) = 0.0164 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{2,3} = r U_{1,2} + (1-2r) U_{2,2} + r U_{3,2} = 0.5(0.0328) + 0 + 0.5(0.3152) = 0.174 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{3,3} = r U_{2,2} + (1-2r) U_{3,2} + r U_{4,2} = 0.5(0.3152) + 0 + 0.5(0.6088) = 0.362 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{4,3} = r U_{3,2} + (1-2r) U_{4,2} + r U_{5,2} = 0.5(0.3152) + 0 + 0.5(1) = 0.6576 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{0,2} = 0 \text{ kV}, U_{5,3} = 1 \text{ kV}$$

 $x=1, t=3$ 

$$U_{1,4} = r U_{0,3} + (1-2r) U_{1,3} + r U_{2,3} = 0.5(0) + 0 + 0.5(0.174) = 0.087 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{2,4} = r U_{1,3} + (1-2r) U_{2,3} + r U_{3,3} = 0.5(0.0576) + 0 + 0.5(0.362) = 0.2098 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{3,4} = r U_{2,3} + (1-2r) U_{3,3} + r U_{4,3} = 0.5(0.174) + 0 + 0.5(0.6576) = 0.4158 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{4,4} = r U_{3,3} + (1-2r) U_{4,3} + r U_{5,3} = 0.5(0.362) + 0 + 0.5(1) = 0.681 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{0,4} = 0 \text{ kV}, U_{5,4} = 1 \text{ kV}$$

 $x=1, t=4$ 

$$U_{1,5} = r U_{0,4} + (1-2r) U_{1,4} + r U_{2,4} = 0.5(0) + 0 + 0.5(0.2098) = 0.1049 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{2,5} = r U_{1,4} + (1-2r) U_{2,4} + r U_{3,4} = 0.5(0.087) + 0 + 0.5(0.4158) = 0.2514 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{3,5} = r U_{2,4} + (1-2r) U_{3,4} + r U_{4,4} = 0.5(0.2098) + 0 + 0.5(0.681) = 0.4454 \text{ kV}$$

$$U_{4,5} = r U_{3,4} + (1-2r) U_{4,4} + r U_{5,4} = 0.5(0.4158) + 0 + 0.5(1) = 0.7079 \text{ kV}$$

$$\frac{20.0}{40.0} = \frac{50.0}{80.0} = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta} U_{0,5} = 0 \text{ kV}, U_{5,5} = 1 \text{ kV}$$

 $\Delta t(\text{K})$ 

Step No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Grid No	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.0	0	0	0.1049	0.2514	0.4454	0.7079	1	0
0.08	1	0	0.087	0.2098	0.4158	0.681	1	1
0.06	2	0	0.0576	0.174	0.362	0.6576	1	2
0.04	3	0	0.0328	0.1152	0.3152	0.6088	1	3
0.02	4	0	0.0128	0.0656	0.2176	0.5648	1	4
0.01	5	0	0.0016	0.028	0.1296	0.4096	1	5
	0	1	2	3	4	5		
	0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0		

 $\Delta x(\text{m})$

T(K)							0.5
0.1	0	0.1049	0.2514	0.4454	0.7079	1	
0.08	0	0.087	0.2098	0.4158	0.681	1	
0.06	0	0.0576	0.174	0.362	0.6576	1	
0.04	0	0.0328	0.1152	0.3152	0.6088	1	
0.02	0	0.0128	0.0656	0.2176	0.5648	1	For 0=< x=<1; change in x = 0.2
0	0	0.0016	0.0256	0.1296	0.4096	1	For 0=< t=<0.1; change in t = 0.02
	0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1	X(m)

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### 3D REPRESENTATION OF TEMPERATURE CHANGE

