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TEST 1

Introduction:

The human right is meant to be protected by some institutions, who are given the mandate to protect the people from human right violations etc.

SOME OF THE PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS IN NIGERIA:

ECOWAS

African commission

African court of human and people’s right

NAFDAC

Police institution.

EFCC.

PROBLEMS OF THE INSTITUTION:

The police institutions are meant to protect the rights of the people. Whereas it is evidently seen in this part of the world that most of the inhumane treatment people receive is from the police department. E.g the DSS, SARS operatives etc. the police is not meant to protect only the wealthy in their homes, but the citizens of a country. It can be said that the police are the major people that violate the human right. In the case of *Dilly v inspector of general police.* The plaintiff sued the police force for negligence when her son died in prison but it was therefore stated in the court that the police force were not held liable.

Corruption/inadequate funding: in some institutions, e.g NAFDAC, African court of human and people’s right etc, the institutions are not adequately funded and it tends to affect the effectiveness of their work. Corruptible personals that accept bribes and fail to administer justice, fairness and equity.

Access to records and database: in Africa, the database system is a fail whereby they don’t have records of databases of citizens especially in the police institution.

Culture/tradition: in some institutions, some cultures prohibits the rights of citizens to be fulfilled ,for example in the case of Mojekwu v Mojekwu.

Outdated case laws as well is also a problem of most public instirutions.

SOLUTIONS OF THE PROBLEM:

Accountability: block chain is a system that is verifiable by third party, deploying the right technology is easier. It helps the government to know the loopholes in an institution and what is actually done in this institutions.

Discrimination: tribalism, favoritism, gender, sex, should be stopped. A person should be appointed based on their ability and not because of where they are from or their gender.

In the case of court, undue influence of the judiciary. Sometimes the cases might be between a wealthy man and a commoner. The court should make sure that their judgement is fair and just.

Protection of whistle Blowers ( freedom of information bill): whistle blowers should be protected from harm. They should freely work hand in hand with the government to expose the corrupt leaders in Nigeria.

CONCLUSION:

The public institution has the mandate to protect the citizens and their rights, but its sad that the public institutions are the ones causing havoc in the society because of their selfish desires. The public institution should be able to come clean and make sure the peoples rights are protected.