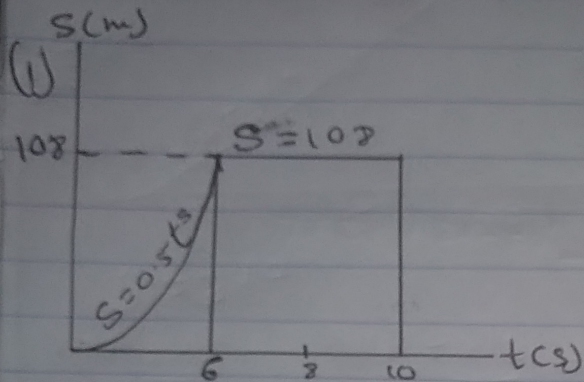


JOHN EDWIN AKPAN

18/ENG 06/033

MECHANICAL ENG.

MECHANICS II (ENG 234)



$$V = \frac{ds}{dt} \quad V_0 = \frac{ds}{dt} = 1.5t^2$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 6s, \quad s = 0.5t^2$$

$$V = \frac{ds}{dt} = 1.5t^2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$6 < t \leq 10; \quad s = 108$$

$$V = \frac{ds}{dt} = 0$$

$$V = 1.5(6)^2 = 54 \text{ m/s}$$

~~Fig 12-13~~ Fig 12-13

Construct V-t graph

$$0 \leq t \leq t'$$

t' = time taken by car

V-t graph

$$V = 0$$

$$t = 0$$

$$0 \leq t < 5; \quad a = 20 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\int_0^t 20 dt \quad V = 20t$$

$$\text{When } t = 5, \quad V = 20(5) \\ = 100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$5s < t \leq t', \quad a = -10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Continuation of P12-13

$$\int_{100 \text{ m/s}}^v dv = \int_5^t -10 dt$$

$$v = (-10t + 150)$$

$$v = 0$$

$$0 = -10t + 150$$

$$10t = 150$$

$$t = 15 \text{ s}$$

P12-14

$$0 \leq t \leq 5$$

$$v = 150 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\int_0^5 ds = \int_0^t 30t dt$$

$$s = (15t^2) \text{ m}$$

$$\text{When } t = 5 \text{ s}$$

$$s = 15(5)^2 = 375 \text{ m}$$

$$5 \text{ s} \leq t \leq 15 \text{ s}; ds/dt = -15 dt$$

$$= \int_{375 \text{ m}}$$

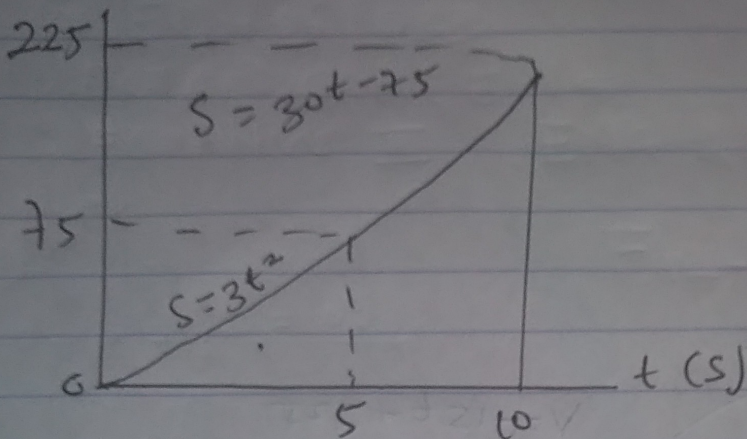
$$s - 375 = -15t$$

$$s = -15t + 375$$

$$s = -15(15) + 375$$

$$s = 600 \text{ m}$$

F 12-12



$$s = 3t^2$$

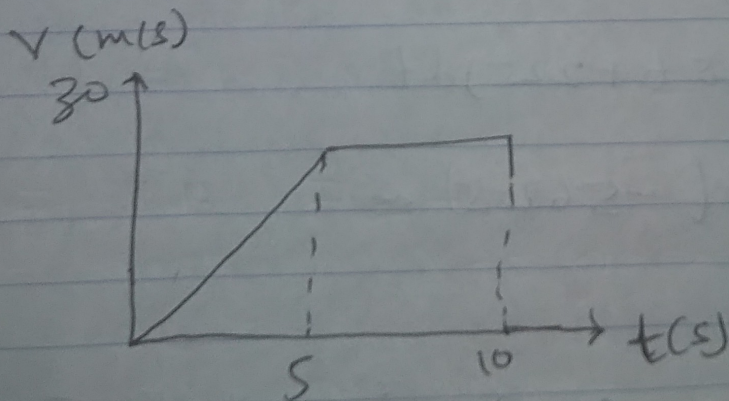
$$v = \frac{ds}{dt} \quad v_0 = \frac{ds}{dt} = 6t$$

$$0 \leq t < 5s, \quad s = 3t^2$$

$$\therefore v = \frac{ds}{dt} = 6t \text{ m/s}$$

$$5s < t \leq 10, \quad s = 30t - 75$$

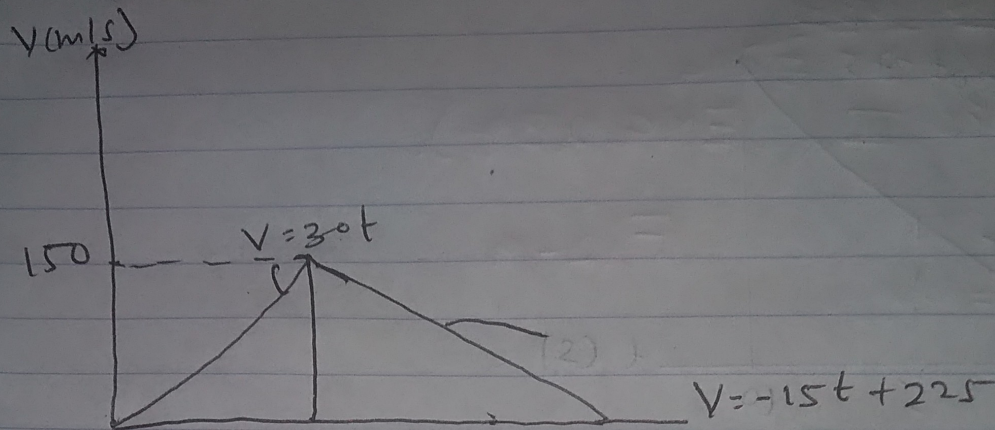
$$v = \frac{ds}{dt} = 30 \text{ m/s}$$



$$v = \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{225 - 75}{10 - 5}$$

$$v = 30 \text{ m/s}$$

F12-14



$$0 \leq t \leq 5 \text{ s}$$

$$v = 30t$$

$$\int_0^5 ds = \int_0^t 30t dt$$

$$s = (15t^2) \text{ m}$$

when $t = 5 \text{ s}$

$$s = 15(5)^2 = 375 \text{ m}$$

$$5 \text{ s} \leq t \leq 15 \text{ s}$$

$$v = (-15t + 225) \text{ m/s}$$

$$\int_{375 \text{ m}}^s ds = \int_{5 \text{ s}}^t (-15t + 225) dt$$

$$s = (-7.5t^2 + 225t - 562.5) \text{ m}$$

$$s = 11.25 \text{ m} //$$

