

AMULSAN BLOSSOM OLIVATIMILETTIN

19/mttsoi/093

- MEDICINE & SURGERY

$$1) \int 2x^2 \ln x$$

$$u = \ln x$$

$$dv = 2x^2$$

$$du = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$v = \frac{2x^3}{3}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int u dv = \ln x \cdot \frac{2x^3}{3} - \int \frac{2x^3}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \int \frac{2x^2}{3} dx$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \int x^2 dx$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} dx$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{2x^3}{3} \left[\ln x - \frac{1}{3} \right] + C$$

$$2) \int 3t e^{2t} dt$$

$$u = 3t$$

$$dv = e^{2t}$$

$$du = 3 dt$$

$$v = \frac{1}{2} e^{2t}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int u dv = 3t \cdot \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} - \int \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} \cdot 3 dt$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{3}{2} t e^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} \int e^{2t} dt$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{3}{2} t e^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} + C$$

$$\int u dv = \frac{3}{2} t e^{2t} - \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} + C$$

$$3 \int x^2 \sin x \, dx$$

$$u = x^2 \quad dv = \sin x$$

$$du = 2x \, dx \quad v = -\cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int u \, dv &= uv - \int v \, du \\ &= x^2 \cdot (-\cos x) - \int -\cos x \cdot 2x \, dx \\ &= -\cos x \cdot x^2 + \int \cos x \cdot 2x \, dx \quad \text{--- (i)} \end{aligned}$$

from $\int \cos x \cdot 2x \, dx$

$$u = 2x \quad dv = \cos x$$

$$du = 2 \, dx \quad v = \sin x$$

$$uv - \int v \, du$$

$$2x \sin x - \int \sin x \cdot 2 \, dx \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

Equation (ii) to (i)

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x - 2 \int \sin x \, dx$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x - 2(-\cos x) + C$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x \, dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x \, dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C$$

$$4 \int \cos 5x \cos 6x$$

$$\text{Recall } \cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)]$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(5x+6x) + \cos(5x-6x)]$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x = \frac{1}{2} [\cos 11x + \cos(-x)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin 11x}{11} + \frac{\sin -x}{-1} \right]$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x = \frac{\sin 11x}{22} + \left(\frac{\sin -x}{-2} \right) + C$$

$$\textcircled{5} \int \sin 7x \cos 2x$$

$$\text{Recall } \sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\sin 7x + 2x) + \sin(7x - 2x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\sin 9x + \sin 5x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 5x}{5} \right)$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x = \frac{-\cos 9x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + C$$