

UZOMA KAOSISOCHUKWU . C

19/MHS01/431

Medicine & Surgery

$$\int 2x^2 \ln x$$

$$u = \ln x \quad ; \quad dv = 2x^2$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \quad v = \frac{2}{3}x^3$$

$$dx = x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int 2x^2 \ln x &= \frac{2}{3}x^3 \ln x - \int \frac{2}{3}x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx \\ &= \frac{2}{3}x^3 \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \int x^2 dx \\ &= \frac{2}{3}x^3 \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right] + C \\ &= \frac{2}{3}x^3 \ln x - \frac{2}{9}x^3 + C \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \left[x^3 \ln x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \right] + C \end{aligned}$$

$$\int 3te^{2t}$$

$$u = 3t \quad dv = e^{2t}$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 3 \quad v = \frac{1}{2}e^{2t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int 3te^{2t} &= \frac{1}{2}e^{2t} 3t - \int \frac{3}{2}e^{2t} dt \\ &= \frac{3}{2}te^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} \int e^{2t} dt \\ &= \frac{3}{2}te^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}e^{2t} + C \\ &= \frac{3}{2}e^{2t} \left[t - \frac{1}{2} \right] + C \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \int x^2 \sin x$$

$$u = x^2; \quad dv = \sin x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x; \quad v = -\cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \sin x &= -x^2 \cos x - \int -2x \cos x \\ &= -x^2 \cos x + 2 \int x \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$\int x \cos x \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$u = x; \quad dv = \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 1 \quad v = \sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \cos x &= x \sin x - \int \sin x \\ &= x \sin x - (-\cos x) + C \\ &= x \sin x + \cos x + C \end{aligned}$$

put (2) into (1)

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \sin x &= -x^2 \cos x + 2 [x \sin x + \cos x] + C \\ &= -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C \\ &= 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x - x^2 \cos x + C \end{aligned}$$

$$4 \cos 5x \cos 6x$$

$$A = 5x; \quad B = 6x$$

$$\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)]$$

$$\cos 5x \cos 6x$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(11x) + \cos(-x)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \cos 5x \cos 6x &= \int \frac{1}{2} [\cos 11x + \cos (-x)] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 11x + \cos (-x)) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{11} \sin 11x + \cos (-x) \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin 11x}{11} + \sin (-x) \right] \\
 &= \frac{\sin 11x}{22} + \frac{\sin (-x)}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

5 $\sin 7x \cos 2x$

$A = 7x$ $B = 2x$

$$\sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)]$$

$A+B = 9x$; $A-B = 5x$

$$\sin 7x \cos 2x = \frac{1}{2} [\sin 9x + \sin 5x]$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x = \int \frac{1}{2} [\sin 9x + \sin 5x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \sin 9x + \sin 5x$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{9} \cos 9x - \frac{1}{5} \cos 5x \right] + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{18} \cos 9x - \frac{1}{10} \cos 5x + C$$