

NAME: ETUK INYANG LILIAN

COLLEGE: MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT: MEDICINE AND SURGERY

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COURSE CODE: MAT 104

$$1 \int 2x^2 \ln x \, dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = \ln x \quad dv = 2x^2$$
$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \quad v = \frac{2x^3}{3}$$

$$du = \frac{1}{x} \cdot dx$$

$$\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$$
$$= \ln x \cdot \frac{2x^3}{3} - \int \frac{2x^3}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \int \frac{2x^2}{3} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \, dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} + C$$

$$\int 2x^2 \ln x \, dx = \frac{2x^3}{3} \left(\ln x - \frac{1}{3} \right) + C$$

$$2 \int 3t e^{2t} dt$$

$$u = 3t$$

$$du = e^{2t}$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 3$$

$$v = \frac{e^{2t}}{2}$$

$$du = 3dt$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int 3t e^{2t} dt = 3t \cdot \frac{e^{2t}}{2} - \int \frac{e^{2t}}{2} \cdot 3 dt$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} t e^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} \int e^{2t} dt$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} t e^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{e^{2t}}{2} + c$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} t e^{2t} - \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} + c$$

$$\int 3t e^{2t} dt = \frac{3}{2} e^{2t} \left(t - \frac{1}{2} \right) + c$$

$$3 \int x^2 \sin x dx$$

$$u = x^2$$

$$dv = \sin x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x$$

$$v = -\cos x$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = x^2 \cdot (-\cos x) - \int (-\cos x) \cdot 2x dx$$

$$= -x^2 \cos x + \int 2x \cos x dx$$

$$u = 2x \quad dv = \cos x$$

$$du = 2 dx \quad v = \sin x$$

$$\int 2x \cos x = 2x \sin x - \int \sin x \cdot 2 dx$$

$$= 2x \sin x - 2 \int \sin x$$

$$= 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + c$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + c$$

$$3 \quad \int x^2 \sin x \, dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + c$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x \, dx = 2x \sin x + (2-x^2) \cos x + c$$

$$4 \quad \int \cos 5x \cos 6x \, dx$$

$$\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)]$$

$$\cos 5x \cos 6x = \frac{1}{2} (\cos 11x + \cos(-x))$$

$$\cos 5x \cos 6x = \frac{1}{2} (\cos 11x + \cos x) \quad , \text{ since } \cos(-x) = \cos x$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 11x + \cos x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sin 11x}{11} + \sin x \right) + c$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x \, dx = \frac{\sin 11x}{22} + \frac{\sin x}{2} + c$$

$$5 \quad \int \sin 7x \cos 2x \, dx$$

$$\sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} (\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B))$$

$$\sin 7x \cos 2x = \frac{1}{2} (\sin 9x + \sin 5x)$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (\sin 9x + \sin 5x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 5x}{5} \right) + c$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x \, dx = \frac{-\cos 9x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + c$$