

$$5.) \int \sin 7x \cos 2x \, dx$$

Solution.

$$\sin 7x \cos 2x = \frac{1}{2} [\sin 9x + \sin 5x]$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x = \frac{1}{2} \int (\sin 9x + \sin 5x) \, dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{-\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 5x}{5} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{-\cos 9x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + C$$

$$\therefore \int \sin 7x \cos 2x \, dx =$$

$$\frac{-\cos 9x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + C$$

19/MTH501/214

NAME: OKEME SHALOM OJIMA-990

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DEPT: MBBS

1. $\int 2x^2 \ln x \, dx$

Solution

$$\int 2x^2 \ln x \, dx$$

$u = \ln x$

$dv = 2x^2$

$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$

$v = \frac{2x^3}{3}$

$du = \frac{1}{x} dx$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} x^3 \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \int x^2$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} x^3 \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} x^3 \ln x - \frac{2}{9} x^3 + C$$

$$\therefore \int 2x^2 \ln x \, dx = \frac{2}{3} x^3 \left(\ln x - \frac{1}{3} \right) + C$$

2. $\int 3t e^{2t} \, dt$

Solution

$$\int 3t e^{2t} \, dt$$

$u = 3t$

$dv = e^{2t}$

$\frac{du}{dt} = 3$

$v = \frac{e^{2t}}{2}$

$du = 3 dt$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= \frac{3t}{2} (e^{2t}) - \frac{3}{2} \int e^{2t} dt$$

$$= \frac{3t}{2} (e^{2t}) - \frac{3}{2} \left[\frac{e^{2t}}{2} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{3t}{2} (e^{2t}) - \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} + C$$

$$\therefore \int 3t e^{2t} dt = \frac{3}{2} e^{2t} \left(t - \frac{1}{2} \right) + C$$

$$3. \int x^2 \sin x \, dx$$

Solution:

$$\int x^2 \sin x \, dx$$

$$u = x^2 \quad dv = \sin x$$

$$du/dx = 2x \quad v = -\cos x$$

$$du = 2x \, dx$$

$$\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + \int 2x \cos x \, dx$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + \begin{cases} u = x & dv = \cos x \\ du/dx = 1 & v = \sin x \\ du = dx & \int \cos x \, dx = \sin x \end{cases}$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2(x \sin x + \cos x)$$

$$\therefore \int x^2 \sin x \, dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x$$

$$4. \int \cos 5x \cos 6x \, dx$$

Solution:

$$A = 5x, \quad B = 6x$$

$$\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)]$$

$$\cos 5x \cos 6x = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(5x+6x) + \cos(5x-6x)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\cos 11x + \cos(-x)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\cos 11x + \cos x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 11x + \cos x) \, dx$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 11x + \cos x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sin 11x}{11} + \frac{\sin x}{1} \right) + c$$

$$\therefore \int \cos 5x \cos 6x \, dx = \left[\frac{\sin 11x}{22} + \frac{\sin x}{2} \right] + c$$