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MATHS 104

Assignment

1)

$2x^2 \ln x$

$$u = \ln x$$

$$dv = 2x^2$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$v = \frac{2x^3}{3}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int 2x^2 \ln x dx = \ln x \cdot \frac{2x^3}{3} - \int \frac{2x^3 - 1}{3} dx$$

$$\int 2x^2 \ln x dx = \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \int x^{3/2} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\int 2x^2 \ln x dx = \frac{2x^3}{3} \ln x - \frac{2}{3} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right] + c$$

$$\therefore \int 2x^2 \ln x dx = \frac{2x^3}{3} \left[\ln x - \frac{1}{3} \right] + c$$

$$2 \quad \int 3te^{2t} dt$$

$$u = 3t$$

$$dv = e^{2t}$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 3$$

$$v = \frac{1}{2} e^{2t}$$

$$\therefore du = 3dt$$

$$2$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int 3te^{2t} dt = 3t \cdot \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} - \int \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} \cdot 3 dt$$

$$\int 3te^{2t} dt = \frac{3}{2} te^{2t} - 3 \int \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} dt$$

$$\int 3te^{2t} dt = \left[\frac{3}{2} te^{2t} - \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} \right] + c$$

$$\int 3te^{2t} dt = \underline{\underline{\frac{3}{2} te^{2t} - \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} + c}}$$

$$3 \quad x^2 \sin x$$

$$u = x^2$$

$$dv = \sin x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x$$

$$v = -\cos x$$

$$dx$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x - \int -\cos x \cdot 2x dx$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2 \int \cos x \cdot x dx \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$\int \cos x \cdot x dx$$

$$u = x$$

$$dv = \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 1$$

$$v = \sin x$$

$$dx$$

$$du = dx$$

$$\int \cos x \cdot x dx = x \sin x - \int \sin x \cdot dx \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

Put eqn (ii) into (i)

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2 \left[x \sin x - \int \sin x \cdot dx \right]$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2 \left[x \sin x - [-\cos x] \right] + c$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2 [x \sin x + \cos x] + c$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x dx = \underline{\underline{-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + c}}$$

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$$\cos 5x \cos 6x$$

$$A = 5x$$

$$B = 6x$$

$$\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \cos 5x \cos 6x dx &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(5x+6x) + \cos(5x-6x)] \\ \cos 5x \cos 6x dx &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos 11x - \cos x] \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin 11x}{11} - \sin x \right] + c$$

$$\int \cos 5x \cos 6x dx = \frac{\sin 11x}{22} - \frac{\sin x}{2} + c$$

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$$\sin 7x \cos 2x dx$$

$$A = 7x$$

$$B = 2x$$

$$\sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \sin 7x \cos 2x dx &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(7x+2x) + \sin(7x-2x)] \\ \sin 7x \cos 2x dx &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 9x + \sin 5x] \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{-\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{-\cos 5x}{5} \right] + c$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{-\cos 9x}{9} + \frac{\cos 5x}{5} \right] + c$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 5x}{5} \right] + c$$

$$\int \sin 7x \cos 2x dx = \frac{-\cos 9x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + c$$