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Civil Engineering

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$$1. \quad y = \frac{\ln(2x^2+3)}{\ln 2x}$$

$$\ln y = \ln(2x^2+3) - \ln(\ln 2x)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2x^2+3} \cdot 4x - \frac{1}{\ln 2x} \cdot \frac{2}{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{4x}{2x^2+3} - \frac{1}{x \ln 2x} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\ln(2x^2+3)}{\ln 2x} \cdot \left( \frac{4x}{2x^2+3} - \frac{1}{x \ln 2x} \right)$$

When  $x = 2.5$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\ln(2(2.5)^2+3)}{\ln 2(2.5)} \cdot \left( \frac{4(2.5)}{2(2.5)^2+3} - \frac{1}{2.5 \ln(2 \times 2.5)} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3.82$$

$$2. \quad y = \frac{2x}{x^2-5}$$

$$\ln y = \ln 2x - \ln(x^2-5)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2x} \cdot 2 - \frac{1}{x^2-5} \cdot 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{2}{2x} - \frac{2x}{x^2-5} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2x}{x^2-5} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{2x}{x^2-5} \right)$$

When  $x = 2.4$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2(2.4)}{(2.4)^2-5} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2.4} - \frac{2(2.4)}{(2.4)^2-5} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -37.26$$

3

$$Z = 2x^6 \ln y$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{1}{y}$$

4

$$\int_0^2 x(2x^2+1)^{1/2} dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 x\sqrt{2x^2+1} dx$$

$$\text{let } u = 2x^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 4x$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{4x}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^2 x\sqrt{2x^2+1} dx =$$

$$= \int_0^2 x\sqrt{u} \frac{du}{4x} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 \sqrt{u} du \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 u^{1/2} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C \right]_0^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{2(2x^2+1)^{3/2}}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{2(2(2)^2+1)^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2(2(0)^2+1)^{3/2}}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ 18 - \frac{2}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{52}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{13}{3}$$