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$$1) \int 2x^2 \ln x \, dx$$

$$\text{let } u = \ln x, \, du = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$dv = 2x^2 dx, \, v = \frac{2}{3} x^3$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= \ln x \times \frac{2x^3}{3} - \int \frac{2x^3}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 \ln x}{3} - \int \frac{2x^2}{3} dx = \frac{2x^3 \ln x}{3} - 2 \int \frac{x^2}{3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 \ln x}{3} - \frac{2x^3}{4} + \frac{2 \ln x^3}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 \ln x}{3} - \frac{x^3}{2} + C$$

$$2) \int 3t e^{2t} dt$$

$$\text{let } u = 3t, \, du = 3 dt$$

$$dv = e^{2t} dt, \, v = \frac{1}{2} e^{2t}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= 3t \times \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} - \int \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} \times 3 dt$$

$$= \frac{3t e^{2t}}{2} - \int \frac{3 e^{2t}}{2} dt$$

$$= \frac{3t e^{2t}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \int e^{2t} dt$$

$$= \frac{3t e^{2t}}{2} - \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} + C$$

$$\int x^2 \sin x \quad u = x^2 \quad du = 2x \quad dv = \sin x \quad dx \quad v = -\cos x$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= x^2(-\cos x) - \int -\cos x \times 2x \, dx$$

$$= -x^2 \cos x - \int -2x \cos x$$

$$= -x^2 \cos x - \int -2x \cos x$$

↑ Integrate by parts

$$\rightarrow -x^2 \cos x - (-2x \sin x - \int \sin x) \quad \text{let } u = -2x \quad dv = \cos x \, dx$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x - \int \sin x \, dx - 2 \quad du = -2 \quad v = \sin x$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + \cos x - 2$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + \cos x + C_1$$

4)  $\cos 5x \cos 6x$

Recall:  $\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) - \sin(A-B)]$

$$A = 5x, B = 6x = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(5x+6x) - \sin(5x-6x)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 11x + \sin x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 11x + \sin x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [-\cos 11x - \cos x]$$

$$= -\frac{\cos 11x}{2} - \frac{\cos x}{2} + C$$

5)  $\sin 7x \cos 2x$

Recall:  $\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)]$

$$A = 7x, B = 2x = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(7x+2x) + \sin(7x-2x)]$$



$$\frac{-\sin(x-x)}{\sin x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 9x + \sin 5x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 9x + \sin 5x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{-\cos 9x}{9} + \frac{+\cos 5x}{5} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{-\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 5x}{5} \right]$$

$$= \frac{-\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 5x}{5} + C_1$$

OR

$$= \frac{-\cos 9x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \dots$$