

AMADI-DURU, C. ME LVIN

ELECT

181 ENCO4 1013

$$1 \quad L = 2m, V_1 = 5m/s, \frac{P_1}{\rho} = 2.5m/s^2 \\ V_2 = 2m/s$$

$$h = \frac{0.35(V_1 - V_2)^2}{2g} = \frac{0.35(5-2)^2}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.161m //$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

where $z_1 = 2, z_2 = 0$

$$2.5 + \frac{5^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 2 = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \frac{2^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 0 + 0.16$$

$$5.774 = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + 0.363$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\rho} = 5.774 - 0.363 \\ = 5.41m //$$

2 diameter at throat inlet

$$d_1 = 20cm$$

$$a_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (20)^2 = 314.16cm^2$$

diameter at throat

$$d_2 = 10cm$$

$$a_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 10^2 = 78.74cm^2$$

$$P_1 = 17.658 N/cm^2 = 17.658 \times 10^4 N/m^2$$

For water 1000 kg/m^3

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} = \frac{17.658 \times 10^4}{9.81 \times 1000} = 18 \text{ m of water}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = -30 \text{ cm of mercury}$$

$$= -0.3 \times 13.6 = -4.08 \text{ of water}$$

differential head

$$h = \frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 18 - (-4.08)$$
$$= 18 + 4.08 = 22.08 \text{ m of water}$$
$$= 2208 \text{ cm}$$

$$Q = C_d \cdot \frac{a_1 a_2}{\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= 0.98 \times \frac{314.16 \times 78.54}{\sqrt{(314.16)^2 - (78.54)^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2207}$$

$$= \frac{50328837.21}{304} \times 165555 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

$$= 165.555 \text{ lit/s} //$$

3 diameter of orifice

$$d_o = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore \text{Area, } a_o = \frac{\pi}{4} (15)^2 = 176.7 \text{ cm}^2$$

diameter of pipe

$$d_1 = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area } a_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} (30)^2 = 706.85 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$S_o = 0.9, x = 50 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{diff head } h = x \left[\frac{S_g}{S_o} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 50 \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right] \text{ cm}$$

$$= 50 \times 14.11 = 705.5 \text{ cm of oil}$$

$$C_d = 0.64$$

$$Q = C_d \cdot \frac{a_o a_1}{\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_o^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= 0.64 \times \frac{176.7 \times 706.85}{\sqrt{(706.85)^2 - (176.7)^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 981 \times 705.5}$$

$$= \frac{94046317.78}{684.4} = 137414.25 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

$$= 137.4 \text{ litres/s}$$

4 mercury level . $x = 170 \text{ mm} = 0.17 \text{ m}$
 $S_g = 13.6$, $S_o = 1.026$

$$h = x \left[\frac{S_g}{S_o} - 1 \right] = 0.17 \left[\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 2.0834 \text{ m}$$

$$V = \sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.0834}$$

$$= 6.393 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{6.393 \times 60 \times 60}{1000} = 23.01 \text{ km/hr}$$

5 $Q = 0.05 \text{ m}^3/\text{min} = 50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$ $Q = \frac{0.05}{60} = 83.3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
 $P = 15 \text{ bar} = 15 \times 10^5$

speed $\text{m/s} = 1700 \text{ rpm}$

$T = 15 \text{ Nm}$ $ND = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$

fluid power = $P \times Q$
 $= 15 \times 10^5 \times 83.3 \times 10^{-6}$
 $= 1250 \text{ watts}$

1) ideal flow rate = nominal
 flow rate \times speed
 $= 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev} \times 1700 \text{ rpm}$
 $= 17000 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$
 $= 0.017 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

shaft power = $\frac{2\pi NT}{60} = \frac{2\pi \times 1700 \times 15}{60}$
 $= 2670.4 \text{ watts}$

volumetric efficiency = $\frac{\text{Actual flow}}{\text{ideal flow}}$
 $= \frac{0.05}{0.017} = 2.94 \%$

294% ~~294%~~

Overall efficiency = fluid power / shaft power

$$= \frac{1250}{2670.4} = 0.47$$

∴ Efficiency is at 47%