

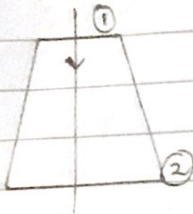
MECHANICS  
 ENG 214 ASSIGNMENT  
 MECHATRONICS  
 18/ENG05/015

EJIM CHISOM PRECIOUS

Length of tube = 2.0m = L (1)

$V_1 = 5 \text{ m/s}$

$P_1/\rho g = 2.5 \text{ m of the liquid}$



$V_2 = 2 \text{ m/s}$

Loss of head =  $h_L = \frac{0.35(V_1 - V_2)^2}{2g}$

$h_L = \frac{0.35(5-2)^2}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.16 \text{ m}$

Pressure head,  $P_2/\rho g = ?$

Applying Bernoulli's equation,

$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2$

As the datum line passes through section 2,  $z_2 = 0$ ,  $z_1 = 2 \text{ m}$

Substituting,

$2.5 + \frac{5^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 2 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{2^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 0 + 0.16$

$2.5 + 1.27 + 2 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + 0.203 + 0.16$

$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = (2.5 + 1.27 + 2) - (0.203 + 0.16)$

$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 5.407 \text{ m of fluid}$

AT INLET,  $d_1 = 20 \text{ cm} = 0.2 \text{ m}$  (2)

$a_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.2^2}{4} = 0.0314 \text{ m}^2$

AT THROAT,  $d_2 = 10 \text{ cm} = 0.1 \text{ m}$

$a_2 = \frac{\pi d_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.1^2}{4} = 7.857 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$

$P_1 = 17.658 \text{ N/cm}^2 = 17.658 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2$

$\rho_w = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,  $\frac{P_1}{\rho g} = \frac{176580}{9.81 \times 1000} = 18 \text{ m of water}$

$P_2 = -30 \text{ cm of mercury} = -0.3 \text{ m of mercury}$

$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = -0.3 \times 13.6 = -4.08 \text{ m of water}$

Differential head,  $h = \frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 18 - (-4.08)$

$h = 22.08 \text{ m of water}$

Discharge,  $Q = C_d \frac{a_1 a_2}{\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$

~~$Q = 0.98 \times 3.1416 \times 7.857 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}$~~

$Q = 0.98 \times 0.0314 \times 7.857 \times 10^{-3} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}$

$\sqrt{0.0314^2 - (7.857 \times 10^{-3})^2}$

$Q = \frac{5.032242 \times 10^{-3}}{0.03040111102} = 0.1655 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$0.03040111102$

$Q = 0.1655 \times 1000 = 165.5 \text{ l/s}$

Orifice diameter,  $d_o = 15 \text{ cm} = 0.15 \text{ m}$  (3)

$a_o = \frac{\pi d_o^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01768 \text{ m}^2$

Pipe diameter,  $d_1 = 30 \text{ cm} = 0.3 \text{ m}$

$a_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.3^2}{4} = 0.070714 \text{ m}^2$

Specific gravity of oil,  $S_o = 0.9$

Reading of differential manometer,  $x = 50 \text{ cm of mercury}$

Differential head =  $h = 0.5 \text{ m of mercury}$

$h = x \left( \frac{S_g}{S_o} - 1 \right)$

Specific gravity of mercury,  $S_g = 13.6$

$h = 0.50 \left( \frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right) = 0.5 \times 14.11$

$h = 7.055 \text{ m of oil}$

$C_d = 0.64$

Rate of flow,  $Q = C_d \times a_o \times a_1 \times \sqrt{2gh}$

$\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_o^2}$

$Q = 0.64 \times 0.01768 \times 0.070714 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.055}$

$\sqrt{0.070714^2 - 0.01768^2}$

$Q = \frac{9.413815 \times 10^{-3}}{0.06846814877} = 0.137492 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$0.06846814877$

$Q = 0.137492 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$Q = 0.137492 \times 1000 = 137.492 \text{ l/s}$

ENG 214 [FLUID MECHANICS] ASSIGNMENT

MECHATRONICS

18/ENG 05/015

EJIM CHISOM PRECIOUS

(4)

Difference of mercury level,  $x = 170 \text{ mm}$   
 $= 0.17 \text{ m}$

Specific gravity of mercury,  $S_g = 13.6$

Specific gravity of sea water,  $S_o = 1.026$

$$h = x \left( \frac{S_g}{S_o} - 1 \right) = 0.17 \left( \frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right)$$

$$h = 2.0834 \text{ m}$$

$$V = \sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.0834} = 6.393 \text{ m/s}$$

OR  $\frac{6.393 \times 3600}{1000} = 23.01 \text{ km/hr} = V$

Fluid power  $P_f = Q \times \Delta P$   
 $= 8.33 \times 10^{-4} \times 15 \times 10^5$

Fluid power: 1249.5 Watts

III Shaft Power

Shaft power =  $T \times \omega$

$\omega$  = angular speed

$T = 15 \text{ Nm}$

$\omega = 2\pi N$  (for rps)

$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 28.33 = 178.07 \text{ rad/s}$

Shaft power =  $15 \times 178.07$

= 2671.05 Watts

(5)

Actual flow rate =  $0.05 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

$$Q = \frac{0.05}{60} = 8.33 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Speed,  $N = 1700 \text{ rev/min} = \frac{1700}{60}$   
 $= 28.33 \text{ rev/sec}$

Pressure change,  $\Delta P = 15 \text{ bar} =$

$$\Delta P = 15 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

Nominal displacement =  $10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$

$$= \frac{10}{1000} = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$

Ideal flow rate = Nominal displacement  $\times$  speed

$$= 1 \times 10^{-5} \times 28.33 = 2.833 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Torque input =  $15 \text{ Nm}$

(i) Volumetric efficiency

$$\text{Volumetric efficiency} = \frac{\text{Actual flow rate}}{\text{Ideal flow rate}} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{8.33 \times 10^{-4}}{2.833 \times 10^{-4}} \times 100\% = 294.03\%$$

IV Overall Efficiency

$$\text{Overall efficiency} = \frac{\text{Fluid Power}}{\text{Shaft power}} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{1249.5}{2671.05} \times 100$$

$$= 46.779\%$$

Overall efficiency  $\approx$  46.78%

11. Fluid Power