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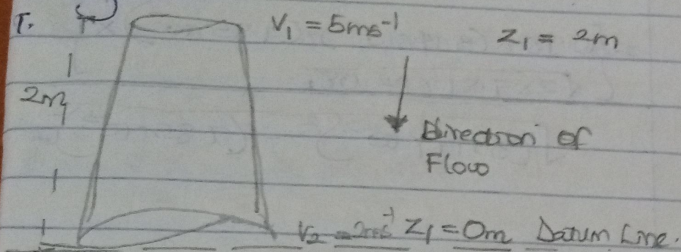
MATRIC No: 191ENG01020

DEPARTMENT: CHEMICAL

COURSE CODE: ENA 214

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Assignment:



$$2.5 + 2 + \frac{5^2}{2(9.81)} = \frac{P_2}{\omega} + 0 + \frac{2^2}{2(9.81)} + 0.16$$

$$5.77 = \frac{P_2}{\omega} + 0.36$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\omega} = 5.77 - 0.36$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\omega} = 5.40 \text{ m of liquid}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\omega} = \text{Pressure head.}$$

Applying Bernoulli's equation for real fluids

$$\frac{P_1}{\omega} + z_1 + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} = \frac{P_2}{\omega} + z_2 + \frac{v_2^2}{g} + \text{head loss}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\omega} = 2.5 \text{ m of fluid}$$

$$\text{Head loss } (h_L) = \frac{0.35(v_1 - v_2)^2}{2g}$$
$$= \frac{0.35(5 - 2)^2}{2(9.81)}$$

$$= \frac{0.35 \times 3^2}{2(9.81)} = 0.16 \text{ m}$$

$$z_1 = 2 \text{ m}, \quad z_2 = 0$$

$$v_1 = 5 \text{ ms}^{-1}, \quad v_2 = 2 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

Substituting into eqn (1)

Question 2

$$D_1 = 20 \text{ cm} \rightarrow 0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$D_2 = 10 \text{ cm} \rightarrow 0.1 \text{ m}$$

$$P_1 = 17.658 \text{ N/cm}^2 \rightarrow 17.658 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$C_d = 0.98$$

$$P_{water} = 10^4$$

$$Q_{water} = \frac{C_d \times A_1 A_2 \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.2^2}{4} \\ = 3.14 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.1^2}{4} \\ = 7.85 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$= \frac{0.98 \times (3.14 \times 10^{-2}) \times (7.85 \times 10^{-3}) \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}}{\sqrt{(3.14 \times 10^{-2})^2 - (7.85 \times 10^{-3})^2}}$$

$$= 0.165 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

h Head difference

$$= \frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} = \frac{17.658 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2}{1000 \times 9.81 \text{ N/m}^3}$$

$$= 18 \text{ m of water.}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\rho} = -30 \text{ cm of Hg}$$

$$= -30 \text{ cm} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \times 13.6$$

$$= -4.08 \text{ m of water.}$$

$$h = 18 - (-4.08)$$

$$= 22.08 \text{ m of water.}$$

Question 3

$$D_0 = 15 \text{ cm} = 0.15 \text{ m}$$

$$D_1 = 30 \text{ cm} = 0.30 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 50 \text{ cm of Hg} \\ = 0.5 \text{ m of Hg}$$

$$C_d = 0.64$$

$$S_{\text{Hg}} = 13.6$$

$$S_o = 0.9$$

$$A_0 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} \\ = 1.77 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2.$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.3^2}{4} \\ = 7.07 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2.$$

$$h = y \left[\frac{S_{\text{Hg}}}{S_o} - 1 \right] = 0.5 \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right] \\ = 7.05 \text{ m of oil.}$$

$$Q_{\text{or}} = \frac{C_d A_0 A_1 \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_0^2}}$$

$$= \frac{0.64 \times 1.77 \times 10^{-2} \times 7.07 \times 10^{-2} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.05}}{\sqrt{(7.07 \times 10^{-2})^2 - (1.77 \times 10^{-2})^2}}$$

$$= \frac{0.64 \times 1.77 \times 10^{-2} \times 7.07 \times 10^{-2} \times \sqrt{137.8}}{\sqrt{0.00499 - 0.000312}}$$

$$= 0.1376 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1} \approx 0.138 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Question 4

$$v = \sqrt{2g\Delta h}$$

where

v = velocity

Δh = difference in pressure head.

y = manometric reading.

$$S_{\text{Hg}} = 13.6$$

$$S_o = 1.026$$

$$h = y \left(\frac{S_{\text{Hg}}}{S_o} - 1 \right)$$

$$y = 670 \text{ mm} = 0.67 \text{ m}$$

$$h = y \left(\frac{S_{\text{Hg}}}{S_o} - 1 \right)$$

$$h = 0.67 \left(\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right)$$

$$= 2.08 \text{ m}$$

$$v = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.08}$$

$$v = 6.39 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

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Question 5

Flow rate (Q_{actual}) = $5 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min}$

$$\frac{5 \text{ dm}^3}{1 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{10^3 \text{ dm}^3} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}}$$

$$= 8.33 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

Speed (ω) = $1700 \text{ rev}/\text{min}$

$$\frac{1700 \text{ rev}}{1 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} = 28.3 \text{ rev}/\text{sec}$$

Change in Pressure (ΔP) = 15 bars

$$\frac{15 \text{ bar} \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^{-2}}{1 \text{ bar}} =$$

$$15 \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^{-2}$$

Nominal Displacement = $10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$

$$\frac{10 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ rev}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{10^6 \text{ cm}^3} = 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$

Ideal Flowrate (Q_i) =

Nominal Displacement \times Speed

$$= \frac{10^{-5} \text{ m}^3}{\text{rev}} \times \frac{28.3 \text{ rev}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$= 28.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$T = 15 \text{ N}$

a. Volumetric efficiency

$$\frac{\text{Actual flowrate} \times 100}{\text{Ideal flowrate}}$$

$$= \frac{8.33 \times 10^{-5}}{28.3 \times 10^{-5}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 29.4\%$$

b Fluid Power = $Q_a \times \Delta P$

$$= 8.33 \times 10^{-5} \times 15 \times 10^5$$

$$= 124.95 \text{ W}$$

c. Shaft Power = $T \cdot \omega_c$

where

T = torque input

ω_c = angular speed in rad/sec

$\omega_c = 2\pi n$ for rps

$$\omega_c = 2 \times \pi \times 28.3$$

$$= 178.02 \text{ rad/sec}$$

Shaft Power = 15×178.02

$$= 2670.35 \text{ W}$$

d. Overall efficiency

$$= \frac{\text{Fluid Power} \times 100\%}{\text{Shaft Power}}$$

$$= \frac{124.95 \text{ W}}{2670.35 \text{ W}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 4.68\%$$