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18/ENG02/0744

Fluid Mechanics

1.) Actual flow rate =  $1 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$

$\Rightarrow 10 \text{ dm} = 1 \text{ m}$

$$10^3 \text{ dm}^3 = 1 \text{ m}^3$$

$$10000 \text{ dm}^3 = 1 \text{ m}^3 \quad \text{~~is wrong~~}$$

$$10 \text{ dm}^3 \neq \alpha$$

~~Volumetric flow rate~~  $\alpha = 0.01 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

$$\text{Actual flow rate} = \frac{0.01}{60} = 1.67 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Speed} = 1500/60 = 25 \text{ rev/s}$$

$$\text{pressure } p = 12 \text{ bar} = 12 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\text{Nominal displacement} = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$

$$\text{Ideal flow rate} = 25 \times 1 \times 10^{-5} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{a) Volumetric efficiency} = \frac{\text{Actual flow rate}}{\text{Ideal flow rate}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1.67 \times 10^{-4}}{2.5 \times 10^{-4}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 66.8\%$$

$$\text{b) Fluid power} = 1.67 \times 10^{-4} \times 12 \times 10^5$$
$$= 200.4 \text{ W}$$

$$c) \text{ Shaft power} = 12.5 \times 157.14$$

$$= 1964.25 \text{ W}$$

$$d) \text{ Overall efficiency} = \frac{200.4}{1964.25} \times 100 = 10.2\%$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ } p_p = 100 \text{ bar} = 100 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\text{Actual flow rate} = \frac{35}{1000} \times \frac{1}{60} = 5.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Fluid power} = 5.83 \times 10^{-4} \times 100 \times 10^5$$

$$= 5830 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{Overall efficiency} = \frac{5830}{\text{Shaft power}} \times 100\%$$

$$\text{Shaft power} = \frac{5830 \times 100}{87}$$

$$\text{Shaft power} = 6701.15 \text{ W}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ Nominal displacement} = 5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$

$$\text{Actual flow rate} = 5.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$p_p = 100 \text{ bar} = 100 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\text{Fluid Power} = 5830 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{Overall efficiency} = \frac{5830}{15000} \times 100$$

$$= 38.87\%$$

$$\text{Ideal flow rate} = \text{nominal displacement} \times \text{speed}$$

$$= 5 \times 10^{-5} \times \left(\frac{850}{60}\right)$$

$$= 5 \times 10^{-5} \times 14.17$$

$$= 7.085 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Volumetric efficiency} = \frac{5.83 \times 10^{-4}}{7.085 \times 10^{-4}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 82.29\%$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad Z = \cancel{24000 \text{ cm}} \Rightarrow 240 \quad 24000 \text{ cm} = 240 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Volumetric flow rate} = 13 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Velocity of jet} = 60 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P = 0, Z = 0$$

$$\text{density of water} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

i) introducing  $P=0$  and  $Z=0$  into eqn ④

$$P = \frac{\rho Q}{2} + \frac{\rho Q \cdot V^2}{2} + \rho g \cdot \cancel{Q \cdot 0}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore P &= \frac{\rho Q \cdot v^2}{2} \\
 &= \frac{1000 \times 13 \times 10^{-3} \times 66^2}{2} \\
 &= 28314 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

ii) Introducing  $p=0$  &  $v=0$  into eqn (4)

$$P = 0 \cdot Q + \frac{\rho \cdot Q \cdot (0)^2}{2} + \rho g Q Z$$

$$\therefore P = \rho g Q Z$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 1000 \times 9.81 \times 13 \times 10^{-3} \times 240 \\
 &= ~~6072~~ \text{ W} = 30607.2 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

iii) Power loss in transmission = power of reservoir  
 - power of jet.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ~~30607.2~~ 30607.2 - 28314 \\
 &= 2293.2 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore h = \frac{2293.2}{1000 \times 9.81 \times 13 \times 10^{-3}} = 17.982 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{N Efficiency} = \frac{28314}{30607.2} \times 100 = 92.5\%$$