

$$(W) \text{ overall Efficiency} = \frac{\text{fluid power}}{\text{shaft power}}$$

$$= \frac{1249.5}{2670.38} = 0.468$$

$$= 0.468 \times 100 = 46.8\%$$

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$$5) Q = 0.05 \text{ m}^3/\text{min} = 50 \text{ dm}^3$$

$$P_0 = 15 \text{ bar} = 15 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2 = 15 \times 10^5 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$v = 1700 \text{ rpm}$$

$$T = 15 \text{ Nm}, \quad ND = 10 \text{ cm/rev}$$

$$(iv) \text{ Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Actual flow}}{\text{Intral flow}}$$

$$= 10 \text{ cm/rev} \times 1700 \text{ rev/min}$$

$$= 17000 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{Ideal flow rate} = \frac{17000}{1000000} = 0.017 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{Actual flow rate} = 0.05 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{0.05}{0.017} = 2.94118 = 294.118\%$$

$$(v) \text{ fluid power} = P \times Q$$

$$P = 15 \times 10^5$$

$$Q = \frac{0.05}{60} = 8.33 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{fluid power} = 15 \times 10^5 \times 8.33 \times 10^{-4} \\ = 1249.5 \text{ watts}$$

$$(vi) \text{ shaft power} = \frac{2\pi NT}{60} = \frac{2 \times \pi \times 1700 \times 15}{60}$$

$$= 2670.35 \text{ watts}$$

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$$Q = \frac{C_d \sqrt{2gh} \times A_1 A_2}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$$Q = \frac{0.61 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 1705.51 \times 706.86 \times 176.72}}{\sqrt{(706.86)^2 - (176.72)^2}}$$

$$Q = 137443.29 \text{ cm}$$

$$Q = \frac{137443.29}{1000} = 137.44 \text{ L/s}$$

$$A) \quad x = 0.17 \text{ m}$$

$$S_g = 13.6$$

$$S_0 = 1.026$$

$$V = ?$$

$$V = \sqrt{2gh}, \quad h = ?$$

$$h = x \left[ \frac{S_g - 1}{S_0} \right] = 0.17 \left[ \frac{13.6 - 1}{1.026} \right]$$

$$\therefore V = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.0584} = 6.393$$

$$\frac{6.393 \times 60}{1000} = 23.0 \text{ m/hr}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} &= 0.98 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2208 \times 314.16 \times 78.54} \\ &\quad \sqrt{(314.16)^2 - (78.54)^2} \\ &= 0.98 \times 2081.37 \times 24674.1264 \\ &\quad 309.18411^2 \\ &= 165455.3 \text{ cm} \\ &= \frac{165455.3}{1000} = 165.45567 \text{ /JRC} \end{aligned}$$

B)  $D_1 = 30 \text{ cm}$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi (30)^2}{4} = 706.86 \text{ cm}^2$$

$D_2 = 15 \text{ cm}$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (15)^2}{4} = 176.72 \text{ cm}^2$$

$S_0 = 0.9$

$S_{hg} = 13\%$

$X = 50 \text{ cm}$  of mercury

$C_d = 0.64$

$$h = X \left( \frac{S_{hg}}{S_0} - 1 \right)$$

$$h = 50 \left( \frac{13\%}{0.9} - 1 \right)$$

$$h = 705.56 \text{ cm}$$

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$$\frac{2.5 \times 3^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 2.0 = \frac{P_2 + 2^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 0 + 0.1$$

$$= 5.774 - 0.365 = P^2$$

$$P_2 = 5.409 \text{ m}$$

2)  $D_1 = 20 \text{ cm}$

$D_2 = 10 \text{ cm}$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (20)^2}{4} = 314.16 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (10)^2}{4} = 78.54 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$P = 1000 \text{ kg}$$

$$P \text{ of water} = 17.658$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} = \frac{17.658 \times 10^4}{1000 \times 9.81} = 18 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = -30 \text{ cm}, \quad S_{ghy} = 13.6$$

$$-30 \times 13.6 = 4.08 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Using, } Q = \frac{Cd \sqrt{2gh} \cdot A_1 A_2}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

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DEPT: Computer Engineering

1. length,  $L = 2.0\text{m}$

Velocity,  $= 5\text{m/s}$

$V_2 = 2\text{m/s}$

$P_2 = 2.5\text{m of liquid}$

$H_2 = 0.35(V_1 - V_2)^2$

$$= \frac{0.35(V_1 - V_2)^2}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.61\text{m}$$

$P = ?$

Applying Bernoulli's Equation

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + Z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + Z_2 + H$$

Where  $P = \frac{P_1}{\rho g}, \frac{P_2}{\rho g}$

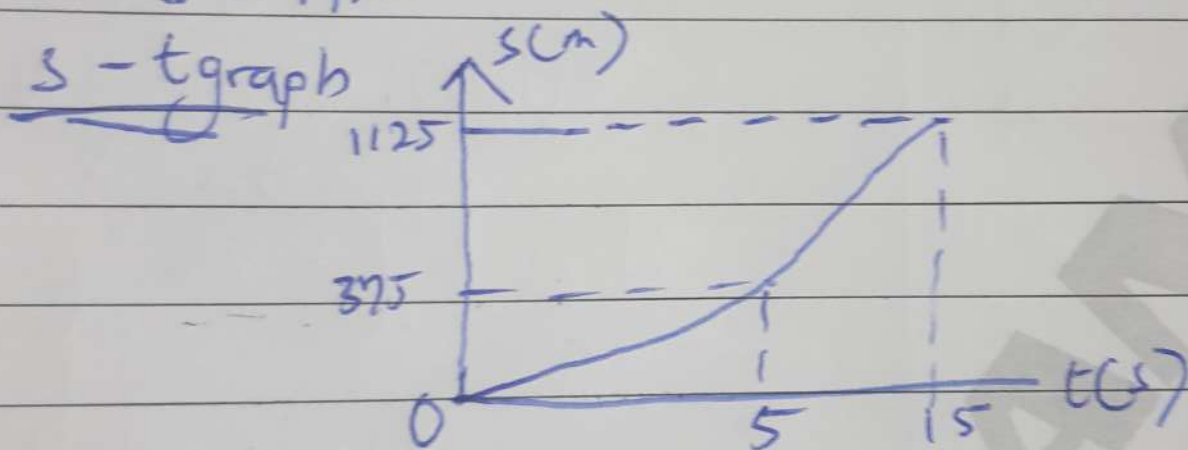
$Z_1 = 2.0$  and  $Z_2 = 0$

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$$6) s - 375 = (-1687.5 + 3875) - (-147.5 + 1125)$$
$$s - 375 = 1687.5 - 977.5$$

$$s - 375 = 710$$

$$s = 1125$$



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$$\begin{aligned} 5) i. v &= \int a dt \\ v &= \int 20 dt \\ v &= 20t \\ \text{at } t &= 5s \end{aligned}$$

$$v = 20 \times 5 = 100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5s < t < 15 \\ \int_{100}^v dv &= \int_5^t -10 dt \end{aligned}$$

$$v - 100 = -10t \Big|_5^t$$

$$v - 100 = -10t + 10(5)$$

$$v = 100 - 10t + 50$$

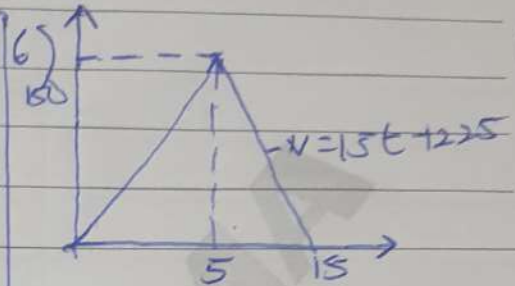
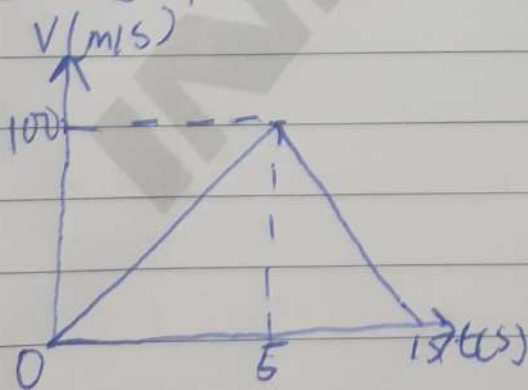
$$\text{at } t=0, v=0$$

$$0 - 100 = -10t + 50$$

$$10t = 150$$

$$t = 15s$$

v-t graph



$$0 \leq t \leq 5$$

$$v = 30t$$

$$\int_0^s ds = \int_0^5 30t dt$$

$$s = 15t^2 \Big|_0^5$$

$$s = 15(5)^2 - 15(0)^2$$

$$s = 15 \times 25$$

$$s = 375$$

$$5s \leq t \leq 15$$

$$v = -15t + 225$$

$$\int_{375}^s ds = \int_5^{15} (-15t + 225) dt$$

$$s - 375 = \left[ \frac{-15(15^2)}{2} + \frac{225(15)}{1} \right] -$$

$$\left[ \frac{-15(5^2)}{2} + \frac{225(5)}{1} \right]$$



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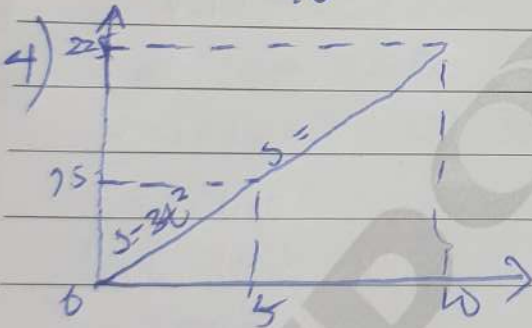
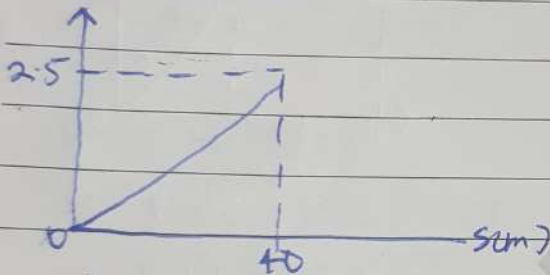
$$3) a = \left(\frac{dv}{ds}\right)v$$

$$v = 0.25s$$

$$a = 10 \times d(0.25s)/ds$$

$$a = 10 \times 0.25$$

$$a = 2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$$



$$v = ds/dt$$

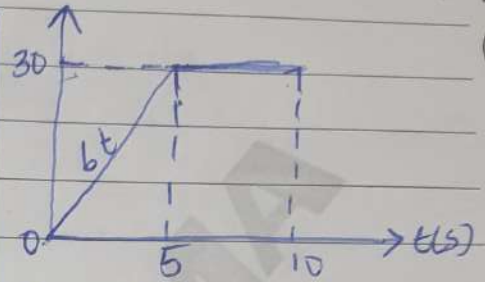
$$\text{at } t = 5s$$

$$v = 6t = 6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{at } t = 10s$$

$$v = 30 \text{ m/s}$$

v-t graph



$$ii) a = \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$\text{at } t = 5$$

$$a = 6 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\text{at } t = 10$$

$$a = 0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

