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19/ENG05/067
Mechatronics
Fluid mechanics

1) Length of tube $L = 2.0m$

$$v_1 = 5m/s$$

$P_1/P_2 = 2.5m$ of liquid

$$v_2 = 2m/s$$

$$\text{loss of head} = h_L = \frac{0.35(v_1 - v_2)^2}{2g}$$

$$= \frac{0.35(5-2)^2}{2 \times 9.81} = \frac{0.35 \times 9}{2 \times 9.81} = \underline{0.16m}$$

Pressure head $\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = ?$

Applying

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

$$2.5 + \frac{5^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 2 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{2^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 0 + 0.16$$

$$2.5 + 1.27 + 2.0 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + 0.205 + 0.16$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} = (2.5 + 1.27 + 2.0) - (0.205 + 0.16)$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 5.77 - 0.363 = \underline{5.407m}$$

2) Given inlet $d_1 = 20 \text{ cm}$

$$Q_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (20)^2 = 314.16 \text{ cm}^2$$

throat $d_2 = 10 \text{ cm}$

$$Q_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 10^2 = 78.74 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$P_1 = \frac{17.688 \times 10^4}{\rho g} = 18 \text{ m of water}$$

$$\rho g = 9.81 \times 1000$$

$$P_2 = -30 \text{ cm of mercury}$$

$$\rho g = -0.30 \text{ m of mercury}$$

$$= -0.30 \times 13.6 = -4.08 \text{ m of water}$$

ρ_1
 ρ_2
 ρ_0

$$\text{Differential head } h = \frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho_0}$$

The discharge

$$Q = C_d \frac{Q_1 + Q_2}{\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= \frac{0.98 \times 314.16 \times 78.54 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}}{\sqrt{(314.16)^2 - (78.74)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{50328837.21}{304} \times 165555 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

304

$$= 1655551.7 \text{ l/sec}$$

Question 3

Orifice diameter = 15 cm

$$Q_0 = \frac{\pi}{4} (15)^2 = 176.7 \text{ cm}^2$$

Dia of pipe $d_1 = 30 \text{ cm}$

$$Q_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 30^2 = 706.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

Specific gravity of oil = 0.9

Reading of manometer $x = 50 \text{ cm}$

Differential head

$$h = x \left(\frac{S_g}{S_o} - 1 \right) = 50 \left(\frac{1.5 - 1}{0.9} \right) \text{ cm}$$

$$= 50 \times 14.11 = 705.5 \text{ cm of oil}$$

$$C_d = 0.64$$

The discharge

$$Q = C_d \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{\sqrt{Q_1^2 - Q_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= 0.64 \times \frac{176.7 \times 706.85}{\sqrt{(176.7)^2 - (706.85)^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 705.5}$$

$$= \frac{94046317.18}{6844.4} = 137.414 \text{ litres/sec}$$

$$6844.4$$

question 4

P.H of mercury line $x = 170 \text{ mm} = 0.17 \text{ m}$

Specific gravity of mercury $S_g = 13.6$

" " " oil $S_o = 1.026$

$$h = x \left(\frac{S_g}{S_o} - 1 \right) = 0.17 \left(\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right)$$

$$\therefore v = \sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.0854} = 6.39 \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \frac{6.393 \times 60 \times 60}{1000} = 23.01 \text{ km/hr}$$

question 3

Actual flow rate $= 0.05 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

m^3/min to m^3/sec

$$\frac{0.05}{60} = 8.33 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$\therefore Q = 8.33 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

Speed of rotation $= 1700 \text{ rev}/\text{min}$

$$= \frac{1700}{60} = 28.3 \text{ rps}$$

Pressure change $= 15 \text{ bar} = 15 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

normal displacement $= 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$

$$10 \text{ cm}^3 = 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3$$

$$x = \frac{10}{1000000} = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$