

Hinged & fixed end
 mechanical Engg
 From 198 - 1980 differential
 $10 \times 10^3 - 15 \times 10^3 / m$
 Diatomic object = 11.75 m = 10
 10 m = 15
 = 0.67 = 67%

(1) Force Power = ΔP_a
 $\Delta P = 12 \times 10^5 - 1000 \times 10$
 $P = 10 \times 10^3 = 1.67 \times 10^4$
 $= \Delta P_a = 200 + 10 \times 10^3$

(1) Shift Power = $\frac{2 \times 10^5}{60} = 200 \times 10^3 \times 12.5$
 $= 10 \times 10^3$

(1) Overall Efficiency = $\frac{\text{Force Power}}{\text{Shift Power}} = \frac{2000}{19045} = 0.105$
 $= 10.5\%$

(2) $879 = F \times 1/5$
 Force Power = AP_a
 $P = 100 \times 10^5 \times 10^3$
 $P = 55 \times 10^3 = 5.55 \times 10^4$
 $= 55550 \text{ watts}$

$879 = \frac{55550}{x}$

$0.87 = \frac{55550}{x}$

$x = \frac{55550}{0.87}$
 $= 63850$

③ Net flow rate = actual discharge \times speed

$$50 \times 80 = 4250 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{volumetric efficiency} = \frac{\text{actual flow}}{\text{theoretical flow}} = \frac{35}{425}$$

$$0.82 = 82\%$$

$$\text{Flow Power} = \rho g Q$$

$$\rho = 10 \times 10^3$$

$$Q = \frac{50 \times 10^{-3}}{60} = 8.3 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\rho g Q = 8300$$

$$\text{Shaft} = 15 \text{ kW} = 15000$$

$$\text{Overall Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Flow Power}}{\text{Shaft Power}}$$

$$\frac{8300}{15000} = 0.553 = 55.3\%$$

④

$$\textcircled{1} h = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$d = 10 \text{ cm} = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

$$F = \frac{\rho}{2} u^2 = 0.785 \text{ N}$$

$$u = 0$$

$$W = F$$

$$V_1^2 = V_2^2 - 2gh$$

$$V_1 = \sqrt{V_2^2 + 2gh}$$

$$V_1 = \sqrt{0^2 + 2(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(20 \text{ m})} = 19.80 \text{ m/s}$$

The flow rate is given by the speed through the area

$$Q = V_1 A = (19.80 \text{ m/s})(7.854 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2) = 0.155 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$W = \rho g Q h$$

$$= (1000) \text{ kg/m}^3 (9.8) \times (0.155) \text{ m}^3/\text{s} (20)$$

$$= 30478 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^3$$

$$= 30.48 \text{ kW}$$

$$\textcircled{2} p_1 = 19.62 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$C_d = 0.96$$

$$d_1 = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$d_2 = 0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$U_1 = 0.09 \text{ m/s}$$

$$U_2 = 0.10314 \text{ m/s}$$

$$p_1 + \rho g z_1 = p_2 + \rho g z_2 + \rho g h + \rho g z_1$$

$$p_1 - p_2 = 19.62(2.2 - 2.1) + 9800 \cdot 0.12$$

for the velocity

$$\frac{p_1}{\rho g} + \frac{U_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{p_2}{\rho g} + \frac{U_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

$$\rho g \quad 2g$$

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$$p_1 - p_2 = 19.62(2.2 - 2.1) + 9800 U_2^2 \dots a_2$$

combine a_1 and a_2

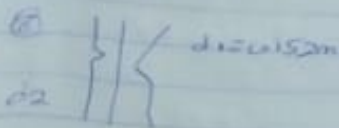
$$0.8 \times 10^3 \times V_2^2 = 587.423$$

$$V_2^2 = \frac{587.423}{0.8 \times 10^3} = 0.73427875$$

$$V_2 = \sqrt{0.73427875} = 0.857$$

$$C = 0.85 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q = C \times A \times \rho = 0.85 \times 0.85 = 0.7225 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$



$$d_1 = 0.152 \text{ m} \quad A_1 = 0.018 \text{ m}^2$$

$$d_2 = 0.076 \text{ m} \quad A_2 = 0.0045 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$C = 0.85$$

Apply Bernoulli method

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

$$\textcircled{1} P_1 = P_2 \quad \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

$$Q = V_1 A_1 = V_2 A_2$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \frac{A_1}{A_2} = 0.152 \times 0.85$$

$$V_1 = \sqrt{\frac{0.152 \times 0.85 \times 9.81}{15}}$$

$$= 1.0934 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q = C \times A_1 \times V_1$$

$$Q = 0.85 \times 0.018 \times 1.0934$$

$$= 0.0166 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$Q_1 = Q_2 = 15.708$$

$$\frac{Q_1}{A_1} = \frac{Q_2}{A_2} = 0.014$$

$$\frac{15.708}{A_1} = 0.014 \quad (222.846 \text{ m}^2) = 0.014$$

$$Q = 0.014 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$



at

At section 1

$$D_1 = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.3)^2 = 0.0707 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Z_1 = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$V_1 = ?$$

$$P_1 = 40 \text{ kPa} = 40000 \text{ N/m}^2$$

At section 2

$$D_2 = 0.15 \text{ m}$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.15)^2 = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$$

$$V_2 = ?$$

$$P_2 = ?$$

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2 = \rho Q H \text{ m/sec} = 40 \times 10^3 \text{ m/sec}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{40 \times 10^3}{0.0707}$$

$$= 0.36 \text{ m/s}$$

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$$V_2 = \frac{40 \times 10^3}{0.01767}$$

$$= 2.26 \text{ m/s}$$

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Apply Bernoulli's method

$$\frac{4000 \times 10^3}{9500} + \frac{(0.336)^2}{2 \times 9.8} + 10 = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \frac{(1.274)^2}{2 \times 9.8} + 6$$

$$P_2 = 436.8 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

- (c) Reading of manometer = 170 mm
Specific gravity of mercury $S_h = 13.6$
Specific gravity of water $S_1 = 1.026$

$$h = y \left(\frac{S_h}{S_1} - 1 \right)$$

$$h = 0.17 \left[\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right]$$

$$h = 2.083$$

Velocity of submarine

$$V = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.083}$$

$$= 6.39 \text{ m/s}$$