

$P_1/\rho = P_2/\rho = 2.5 \text{ m}$
 $H_L = 0.35 \frac{(V_1 - V_2)^2}{2g}$

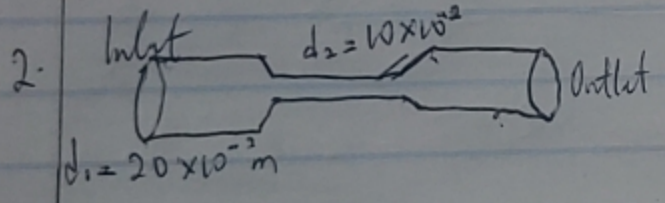
Using Bernoulli's equation $P_1/\rho = ?$
 $P_1/\rho + V_1^2/2g + z_1 = P_2/\rho + V_2^2/2g + z_2 + H_L$

$P_2/\rho = P_1/\rho + \left[\frac{V_1^2 - V_2^2}{2g} \right] + [z_1 - z_2] - H_L$

$P_2/\rho = 2.5 + \left[\frac{5^2 - 2^2}{2 \times 9.81} \right] + 2 - \frac{0.35(5-2)^2}{2 \times 9.81}$

$P_2/\rho = 2.5 + 1.07 + 2 - 0.161$

$P_2/\rho = 5.409 \text{ m}$ The pressure head at the lower end



$P_1 = 17.659 \text{ N/cm}^2 = 17.659 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2$, $C_d = 0.98$
 $P_2 = 30 \text{ cmHg} = 30 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mHg}$, $Q = ?$
 $A_1 = \frac{\pi \times (20 \times 10^{-3})^2}{4}$, $A_2 = \frac{\pi \times (10 \times 10^{-3})^2}{4}$

$= 0.03 \text{ m}^2$, $= 7.85 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$

$\frac{P_2}{\rho} = 0.3 \times 13.6 = 4.08 \text{ mHg}$

$\frac{P_1}{\rho} = \frac{17.059 \times 10^4}{9.81 \times 10^3} = 18$

$h = \frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho} = 18 - (-4.08) = 22.08$

$Q = C_d A_1 A_2 \sqrt{2gh}$
 $= 0.98 \times 0.03 \times (7.85 \times 10^{-5}) \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}$
 $Q = 0.166 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

3) $d_2 = 15 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$, $y = 50 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mHg}$
 $d_1 = 30 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$, $C_d = 0.64$
 $S_{m1} = 13.6$, $S_{m2} = 0.9$, $Q = ?$

$A_1 = \frac{\pi \times (30 \times 10^{-2})^2}{4} = 0.0707 \text{ m}^2$

$A_2 = \frac{\pi \times (15 \times 10^{-2})^2}{4} = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$

$H = y \left[\frac{S_{m1}}{S_{m2}} - 1 \right]$

$H = 50 \times 10^{-2} \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right]$

$H = 7.055 \text{ m}$

$Q = \frac{C_d A_1 A_2 \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$
 $= \frac{0.64 \times 0.0707 \times 0.01767 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.055}}{\sqrt{0.0707^2 - 0.01767^2}}$

$Q = 0.137 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

4) $y = 170 \text{ mmHg} = 170 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mHg}$
 $S_{m \text{ of mercury}} = 13.6 \text{ hg}$
 $S_{m \text{ of sea water}} = 1.026$

$H = \sqrt{2gh}$
 $H = y \times \frac{S_{m1}}{S_{m2}} - 1$

$V = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.08}$
 $V = 6.39 \text{ m/s}$

$H = y \times \left[\frac{S_{m1}}{S_{m2}} - 1 \right]$
 $= 170 \times 10^{-3} \times \left[\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right]$

$H = 2.08 \text{ m}$

1.20/100/10/10
 $V = 100 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
 $T = 15 \text{ N/m}^2$
 Volumetric Eff
 Actual flow rate
 Ideal flow rate
 $Q = 1 \times 10^{-5}$
 $= 2.833$
 Volumetric Eff
 fluid power
 $= 8.33$
 Shaft power
 $w = 2 \times 10^7$
 $= 7$
 Overall
 fluid
 shaft
 $= \frac{12}{26}$

$y = 50 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mHg}$
 $C_d = 0.64$
 $S_u = 0.9, Q = ?$

0.0707 m^2
 0.01767 m^2

$\frac{13.6 - 17}{0.9}$

$0.0707 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.055}$
 0.176^2

$10 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mHg}$
 0.026

5 Actual flow rate $Q = 5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min} = 8.33 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$

$P_2 = 15 \text{ bar} = 15 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

$N = 1700 \text{ rev/min} = 28.33 \text{ rev/sec}$

$T = 15 \text{ N/m}$ Normal displacement = $100 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev} = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$

Volumetric Efficiency

$\frac{\text{Actual flow rate} \times 100\%}{\text{Ideal flow rate}}$

$\text{Ideal flow rate} = \text{Displacement} \times \text{Speed}$

$Q = 1 \times 10^{-5} \times 28.33$
 $= 2.833 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$

$\text{Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{8.33 \times 10^{-5} \times 100}{2.833 \times 10^{-4}} = 29.4\%$

fluid power ($Q \times \Delta P$)

$= 8.33 \times 10^{-5} \times 15 \times 10^5 = 124.95 \text{ watts}$

Shaft power = $T \times \omega$

$\omega = 2 \times \pi \times N = 2 \times \pi \times 28.33 = 178 \text{ rad/sec}$

$= T \times \omega = 15 \times 178 = 2670 \text{ watts}$

Overall Efficiency

$\frac{\text{fluid power} \times 100\%}{\text{Shaft power}}$

$= \frac{124.95 \times 100}{2670} = 4.68\%$