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1) $L = 2.5m$
 $V_1 = 5m/s$
 $R = 2.5m$ of liquid
 $\frac{P_1}{\rho g}$
 $V_2 = 2m/s$

loss of head
 $= \frac{0.35(V_1 - V_2)^2}{2g}$
 $= \frac{0.35(5 - 2)^2}{2 \times 9.81}$
 $= 0.16m$

Pressure head $\left(\frac{P_2}{\rho g}\right)$

By Bernoulli's equation
 $\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + Z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + Z_2$
 $+ h_L$

$Z_2 = 0, Z_1 = 2$
 $2.5 + \frac{5^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 2.0 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{2^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 0 + 0.16$

$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} + 0.26 + 0 + 0.16$

$2.5 + 1.274 + 2.0 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + 0.26 + 0 + 0.16$

$5.774 - 0.36 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g}$

$5.414m$ of fluid $\frac{P_2}{\rho g}$

2) $d_1 = 20cm = 0.2m$
 $A_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (0.2)^2}{4}$
 $= 0.0314m^2$

$A_2 = \frac{\pi d_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (0.85 \times 10^{-3})^2}{4}$

$N_b R = 17.658 N/cm^2$
 $= 17.658 \times 10^4 N/m^2$

$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} = \frac{17.658 \times 10^4}{9.81 \times 1000}$
 $= 1.8m$ of water

$R = 30cm$ of mercury
 $\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 0.30m \times 13.6$
 $= 4.08$ of water

Notes
 $h = \frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho g}$

$h = 1.8 - (4.08)$
 $h = 2.28$ of water

$Q = C_d A_1 \times A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}$
 $\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}$

$Q = 0.98 \times 0.0314 \times 17.658 \times 10^4$
 $\times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.28}$

$\sqrt{(0.0314)^2 - (0.85 \times 10^{-3})^2}$
 $Q = 5.0268 \times 10^{-3}$
 $= 0.0304$

$Q = 0.165 m^3/s$

$Q = 165.5$ l/s

3) $d_1 = 0$
 $A_0 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4}$

$A_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4}$

$h = 500$

$C_d = 0$

$b = \left[\frac{\rho g h}{\rho g} \right]$

0.5

0.5

$Q = C_d A$

$Q = 0.64$

$\times \sqrt{2}$

$\sqrt{0.0101}$

$= 9.4$

0.0

$Q = 0.6$

4) $r = 1m$

$S_m = 13$

$C_c = 1$

$V = 1$

$d_1 = 0.20$
 $d_2 = 0.15 \text{ m}$
 $A_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (0.20)^2}{4}$
 $= 0.0314 \text{ m}^2$

$A_2 = \frac{\pi d_2^2}{4}$
 $= 0.0177 \text{ m}^2$

$h = 500 \text{ mm}$
 $\rho_{\text{oil}} = 0.9$
 $C_d = 0.64$

$$h = \left[\frac{\rho g h y - 1}{\rho g_0 y} \right]$$

 $0.5 = \left[\frac{13.6 - 1}{0.9} \right]$
 $0.5 (14.1)$
 $= 7.05 \text{ m}$

$Q = C_d A_1 A_2 \sqrt{2gh}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$Q = 0.64 \times 0.0314 \times 0.0177 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.05}$
 $\times \frac{\sqrt{(0.0314)^2 - (0.0177)^2}}{0.068}$

$Q = 0.138 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$

$r = 100 \text{ mm} = 0.1 \text{ m}$
 $\delta_m = 13.6$
 $\delta = 1.026$

$C_c = 1$
 $v = ?$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2g \left(\frac{\delta_m - 1}{\delta} \right)}$$

$v = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 9.81 \times 0.1 \times (13.6 - 1)}{1.026}}$

$v = 6.39 \text{ m/s}$

$Q = 0.05 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min} = 8.335 \times 10^{-5}$
 Pressure change = 18 bar
 $= 18 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

Normal dia = 10 cm
 Speed of rotation = 1700 rpm
 $= 28.39 \text{ rev/sec}$

Torque Input = 15 Nm

Vol efficiency = $A \cdot F \times 100$
 $\frac{1}{F \text{ rotation}}$

$1 \cdot F = \text{Normal dia} \times \text{speed of}$
 $= 1 \times 10^{-5} \times 28.39$
 $= 2.839 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
 $V \cdot F = 8.335 \times 10^{-5} \times 100$
 2.39×10^{-4}
 $= 0.294 \times 100 = 29.4\%$

fluid power
 $= A \cdot F \times \text{change in pressure}$
 $= 8.335 \times 10^{-5} \times 18 \times 10^5$

$= 125.025 \text{ W} = 0.125 \text{ kW}$

shaft power
 $= \text{Torque} \times \text{Angular speed}$

Angular speed = $2\pi \times \text{speed of r}$
 $= 178.38$

Shaft power = 15×178.38
 $= 2675.7 \text{ W}$
 $= 2.675 \text{ kW}$

overall efficiency = $\frac{\text{fluid power}}{\text{shaft power}} \times 100$

$\frac{125.025 \times 100}{2675.7}$
 $= 4.7\%$