

IZUCHUKWU CHIDERA VICTOR
18/ENG 05/ 024
MECHATRONICS

QUESTION 1

$$Q = 10 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min} = \frac{10}{1000 \times 60} = \frac{10}{60000} = 1.667 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\Delta P = 12 \text{ bar} = 12 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\text{Speed of Rotation} = 1500 \text{ rev/min} = \frac{1500}{60} = 25 \text{ rev/s}$$

$$\text{Nominal Displacement} = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev} = \frac{10}{1000000} = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$

$$\text{Torque Input} = 12.5 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{Q}{\text{Ideal Flow Rate}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ideal Flow Rate} &= \text{Nominal displacement} \times \text{speed} \\ &= (1 \times 10^{-5}) \times 25 \\ &= 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Volumetric Efficiency} &= \frac{1.667 \times 10^{-4}}{2.5 \times 10^{-4}} \\ &= 0.6668 \times 100\% \\ &= \underline{\underline{66.68\%}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ii) Fluid Power} &= Q \times \Delta P \\
 &= (1.667 \times 10^{-4}) \times (12 \times 10^5) \\
 &= 200.04 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iii) Shaft Power} &= 2\pi T \times \text{Speed} \\
 &= 2 \times 3.14 \times 12.5 \times 25 \\
 &= 2 \times \pi \times 12.5 \times 25 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{1963.50 \text{ W}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iv) Overall Efficiency} &= \frac{\text{Fluid Power}}{\text{Shaft Power}} \\
 &= \frac{200.04}{1963.50} \\
 &= 0.102 \times 100\% \\
 &= \underline{\underline{10.2\%}}
 \end{aligned}$$

QUESTION 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= 35 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min} = \frac{35 \times 0.001}{60} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{5.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta P = 100 \text{ bar} = 100 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overall Efficiency} = 87\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Shaft Power} &= \frac{\text{Overall Efficiency} \times \text{Fluid Power}}{\text{Overall Efficiency}} \\
 &= \frac{Q \times \Delta P}{87 \div 100} \\
 &= \frac{(5.83 \times 10^{-4}) \times (100 \times 10^5)}{0.87} = \frac{5830}{0.87} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{6701.15 \text{ W}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

QUESTION 3

$$Q = 35 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min} = \frac{35 \times 0.001}{60}$$
$$= 5.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\Delta P = 100 \text{ bar} = 100 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{shaft}} = \text{Shaft Power} = 15 \text{ kW}$$

$$\text{Speed of rotation} = 850 \text{ rev/min} = \frac{850}{60}$$
$$= 14.167 \text{ rev/s}$$

$$\text{I) Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Actual Flow Rate, } Q}{\text{Ideal Flow Rate}}$$

$$\text{Ideal Flow Rate} = \text{Nominal displacement} \times \text{speed}$$
$$= (50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}) \times 14.167$$
$$= (5 \times 10^{-5}) \times 14.167$$
$$= 7.0835 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\therefore \text{Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{5.83 \times 10^{-4}}{7.0835 \times 10^{-4}}$$
$$= 0.823 \times 100\%$$
$$= \underline{\underline{82.3\%}}$$

$$\text{II) Overall Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Fluid Power}}{\text{Shaft Power}}$$

$$= \frac{Q \times \Delta P}{\text{Shaft Power}}$$

$$= \frac{(5.83 \times 10^{-4}) \times (100 \times 10^5)}{(15 \times 10^3)} = \frac{5830}{15000}$$

$$= 0.3887 \times 100\%$$

$$= \underline{\underline{38.87\%}}$$

QUESTION 4

$$z = 24000 \text{ cm} = 240 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Volumetric Flow Rate} = 13 \text{ litre/s} = 13 \times 0.001 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$
$$= 0.013 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Jet Velocity} = 66 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{i) Jet Power} = \frac{\rho Q v^2}{2} = \frac{\rho \times Q}{2} \times v^2$$
$$= \frac{1000 \times 0.013 \times 66^2}{2} = \frac{1000 \times 0.013}{2} \times 66^2$$
$$= 28314 \text{ W}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{28.3 \text{ kW}}}$$

$$\text{ii) Power Supplied from reservoir}$$
$$= \rho g Q z$$
$$= 1000 \times 9.81 \times 0.013 \times 240$$
$$= 30607.2 \text{ W}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{30.6 \text{ kW}}}$$

$$\text{iii) Head used to overcome loss} = \frac{\text{Power lost in transmission}}{\rho g Q}$$

$$\text{Power lost} = \text{Reservoir Power} - \text{Jet Power}$$
$$= (30.6 - 28.3) \text{ kW}$$
$$= (30607.2 - 28314) \text{ W}$$
$$= 2293.2 \text{ W}$$

$$\therefore \text{Head used} = \frac{2293.2}{1000 \times 9.81 \times 0.013}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{17.952 \text{ m}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iv) Efficiency of pipeline and nozzle} & \\
 &= \frac{\text{Jet Power}}{\text{Reservoir Power}} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{28314}{30607.2} \times 100\% \\
 &= 92.5\%
 \end{aligned}$$

QUESTION 5

Specific gravity of oil = 0.89

$Z = 30000 \text{ cm} = 300 \text{ m}$

Volumetric flow rate = $220 \text{ l/s} = 220 + 0.001$
 $= 0.22 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Velocity = 7 m/s

$$i) \text{ Power of Jet} = \frac{\rho \cdot Q}{2} \times V^2$$

S.g of oil = 0.89

$$s.g = \frac{x}{1000} \Rightarrow 0.89 = \frac{x}{1000}$$

$$x = 1000 \times 0.89 \\ = 890$$

$$\therefore \text{ Power of Jet} = 890 \times \frac{0.22}{2} \times 7^2$$

$$= 4797.1 \text{ W}$$

$$= 4.7971 \text{ kW}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ii) Power supplied from reservoir} &= \rho g Q Z \\
 &= 890 \times 9.81 \times 0.22 \times 300 \\
 &= 576\,239.4 \text{ W} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{576.2394 \text{ kW}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{iii) Head used to over-come loss} = \frac{\text{Power lost in transmission}}{\rho g Q}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Power lost} &= 576\,239.4 - 4797.1 \\
 &= 571\,442.3 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore \text{Head used} &= \frac{571\,442.3}{890 \times 9.81 \times 0.22} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{297.5 \text{ m}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iv) Efficiency} &= \frac{\text{Jet Power}}{\text{Reserve Power}} \\
 &= \frac{4797.1}{576\,239.4}
 \end{aligned}$$

QUESTION 6

$$h = 20\text{cm} = 0.2\text{m}$$

$$d = 10\text{cm} = 0.1\text{m}$$

$$A = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (0.1)^2}{4}$$
$$= 7.854 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$V_{\text{initial}} = ?$$

$$V_{\text{final}} = 0 \quad \text{-when it gets to the top}$$

$$V_{\text{final}}^2 = V_{\text{initial}}^2 - 2gh$$

$$V_{\text{final}}^2 = 0$$

$$0 = V_{\text{initial}}^2 - (2 \times 9.8 \times 20)$$

$$0 = V_{\text{initial}}^2 - 392$$

$$V_{\text{initial}}^2 = 392$$

$$V_{\text{initial}} = \sqrt{392}$$
$$= 19.79 \text{ m/s}$$

Power required to send the water

$$= \rho g Q h$$

where $Q = A \times V$

$$= (1000 \times 9.81 \times (7.854 \times 10^{-3}) \times 19.79 \times 20)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{30495.5 \text{ W}}}$$

