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COURSE: MAT 104

$$1 \quad \int \frac{\sin^6 x}{(\sin^2 x)^3} dx$$

Integral reduction

$$\int \sin^n x = \frac{\cos x \sin^{n-1} x}{n} + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \sin^{n-2} x$$

where $n=6$

$$\int \sin^6 x = \frac{\cos x \sin^5 x}{5} - \frac{5}{6} \int \sin^4 x$$

$$\frac{5}{6} \int \sin^4 x = \frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{-\cos x \sin^3 x}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \int \sin^2 x \right)$$

$$\frac{5}{6} \int \sin^2 x = \frac{5}{6} \left(\int \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 2x) \right) = \frac{5}{12} \int (1 - \cos 2x) = \frac{5}{12} \left(x - \frac{\sin 2x}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{-\cos x \sin^3 x}{4} - \frac{3}{8} x + \frac{3 \sin 2x}{16} \right)$$

$$\int \sin^6 x =$$

$$\frac{\sin^5 x \cos x}{6} - \frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{\sin^3 x \cos x}{4} - \frac{3}{8} x + \frac{3 \sin 2x}{16} \right) + C$$

$$2 \quad \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x dx$$

$$= \int \cos^4 x \sin^2 x \sin x dx$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$= \int \cos^4 x (1 - \cos^2 x) \sin x dx$$

$$u = \cos x$$

$$du = -\sin x dx$$

$$= - \int u^4 (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= - \int (u^4 - u^6) du$$

$$= - \frac{u^5}{5} + \frac{u^7}{7} + C$$

$$= - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + \frac{\cos^7 x}{7} + C$$

$$3 \quad \int \cos x \sin^3 x dx$$

$$= \int \cos x \sin^2 x \sin x dx$$

$$= \int \cos x (1 - \cos^2 x) \sin x dx$$

$$u = \cos x$$

$$du = -\sin x dx$$

$$= - \int u (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= - \int (u - u^3) du$$

$$= - \frac{u^2}{2} + \frac{u^4}{4} + C$$

$$= - \frac{\cos^2 x}{2} + \frac{\cos^4 x}{4} + C$$

or

$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x dx$$

$$u = \sin x$$

$$du = \cos x dx$$

$$\int u^3 du$$

$$\frac{u^4}{4} + C = \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} + C$$