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19/MHS01/102 MATHS MBBS

Assignment

Question 1,

$$\int \sin^6 x = (\sin^2 x)^2 (\sin^2 x)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{8} (1 - 2\cos 2x + \cos^2 2x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} (1 - 2\cos 2x + \cos^2 2x) (1 - \cos 2x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(1 - 2\cos 2x + \frac{1 + \cos 4x}{2} \right) (1 - \cos 2x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} (2 - 4\cos 2x + 1 + \cos 4x) (1 - \cos 2x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 4\cos 2x + \cos 4x - 3\cos 2x + 4\cos^3 2x - \cos 4x \cos 2x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} [3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 2(2\cos^3 2x) - \frac{1}{2} 2\cos 4x \cos 2x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} [3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 2(1 + \cos 4x) - \frac{1}{2} (\cos 6x + \cos 2x)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} [3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 2 + 2\cos 4x - \frac{1}{2} (\cos 6x + \cos 2x)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} [6 - 14\cos 2x + 2\cos 4x + 4 + 4\cos 4x - \cos 6x - \cos 2x]$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} [10 - 15\cos 2x + 6\cos 4x - \cos 6x]$$

Let $\int \sin^6 x = R$

$$R = \frac{1}{32} \int [10 - 15\cos 2x + 6\cos 4x - \cos 6x] dx$$

$$R = \frac{1}{32} \left(10x - \frac{15\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{6\cos 4x}{4} - \frac{\cos 6x}{6} \right) + C$$

$$\int \sin^6 x = \frac{10x}{32} - \frac{15\sin 2x}{64} + \frac{6\cos 4x}{128} - \frac{\cos 6x}{192} + C$$

Question 2

$$\int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x \, dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = \cos x, \quad du = -\sin x \, dx$$
$$dx = \frac{du}{-\sin x}$$

Solution.

$$u^4 \cdot \sin^3 x \frac{du}{-\sin x} = u^4 \cdot \sin^2 x \cdot \sin x \frac{du}{-\sin x}$$

$$= - \int u^4 \sin^2 x$$

$$= - \int u^4 (1 - \cos^2 x)$$

$$= - \int u^4 (1 - u^2)$$

$$= - \int (u^4 - u^6)$$

$$= \int (u^6 - u^4)$$

$$\frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^5}{5}$$

$$\frac{\cos^7 x}{7} - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + C$$

Question 3

$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x \, dx$$

solution

$$\text{let } u = \sin x$$

$$du = \cos x \, dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\cos x}$$

$$\int \frac{\cos x \cdot u^3 \, du}{\cos x}$$

$$\int u^3 \, du$$

$$= \frac{u^4}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} + C$$

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