

Name: Agi Fortune Owojoku
Matric Number: 19/M11502/056
Department: MBBS
course: MAT104

Question

Integrate the following functions

1) $\sin^6 x$

Solution: $\int \sin^6 x dx$

$\sin^6 x = (\sin^2 x)^2 \cdot \sin^2 x$

$= \int (\sin^2 x)^3 dx$

$= \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right)$

$= \frac{1}{8} (1 - 2\cos 2x + \cos^2 2x) (1 - \cos 2x)$

$= \frac{1}{8} (1 - 2\cos 2x + \frac{1 + \cos 4x}{2}) (1 - \cos 2x)$

$= \frac{1}{16} (2 - 4\cos 2x + 1 + \cos 4x) (1 - \cos 2x)$

$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 4\cos 2x + \cos 4x) (1 - \cos 2x)$

$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 4\cos 2x + \cos 4x - 3\cos 2x +$
 $\frac{4\cos^2 2x - \cos 4x \cos 2x}{16})$

$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 4\cos^2 2x - \cos 4x \cos 2x)$

$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 2 \times 2(\cos^2 2x) -$

$\frac{1}{2}(\cos 6x + \cos 2x))$

$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 2(1 + \cos 4x) -$
 $\frac{1}{2}(\cos 6x + \cos 2x))$

$= \frac{1}{16} (3 - 7\cos 2x + \cos 4x + 2 + 2\cos 4x -$
 $\frac{(\cos 6x + \cos 2x)}{2})$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left(\frac{10 - 14 \cos 2x + 26 \cos 4x + 4 + 4 \cos 4x - \cos 6x}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} (10 - 14 \cos 2x + 6 \cos 4x - \cos 6x)$$

$$\therefore \int \sin^6 x \, dx = \frac{1}{32} \int (10 - 14 \cos 2x + 6 \cos 4x - \cos 6x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} \left[10x - \frac{14 \sin 2x}{2} + \frac{6 \sin 4x}{4} - \frac{\sin 6x}{6} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{5}{16} x - \frac{14 \sin 2x}{64} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{64} - \frac{\sin 6x}{192} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} (60x - 49 \sin 2x + 9 \sin 4x - \sin 6x) + C$$

2) $\cos^4 x \sin^3 x$

Solution :- $\int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x \, dx$

$$u = \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x ; dx = \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$= \int u^4 \cdot \sin x \cdot \sin^2 x \cdot \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$= - \int u^4 \cdot \sin^2 x \cdot du$$

$$= - \int \sin^2 x \cdot u^4 \, du$$

$$= - \int (1 - \cos^2 x) u^4 \, du$$

$$= - \int (1 - u^2) \cdot u^4 \, du$$

$$= - \int (u^4 - u^6) \, du$$

$$= \int (-u^4 + u^6) \, du$$

$$= \int (u^6 - u^4) \, du$$

$$\therefore = \left[\frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^5}{5} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x)^7}{7} = \frac{(\cos x)^5}{5} + C$$

3) $\cos x \sin^3 x$

solution:- $\int \cos x \sin^3 x dx$

$u = \sin x$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \cos x \Rightarrow dx = \frac{du}{\cos x}$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos x \cdot u^3 \cdot du}{\cos x}$$

$$= \int u^3 du$$

$$= \frac{u^4}{4} + C$$

$$\therefore = \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} + C$$