

$$\frac{450,000 + 450,000 + 450,000}{3} = 450,000 \quad , \quad \frac{0.09 + 0.11}{2} = 0.1$$

$$\therefore = \frac{450,000}{0.1} = \$4,500,000$$

3.) Book Value Basis
Assets

Freehold Premises
Equipment
Stock / Inventory
Debtors / Receivables
Bank

₹

1,300,000
3,120,000
1,395,000
965,000
130,000

6,190,000
(820,000)

5,370,000

Less liabilities (Payables)

4.) Replacement Cost Basis
Assets

Freehold Premises
Equipment
Stock / Inventory
Debtors / Receivables
Bank

₹

3,000,000
1,730,000
870,000
965,000
130,000

6,695,000
(820,000)

5,875,000

Less liabilities (Payables)

5.) Liquidation Value Basis
Assets

Freehold Premises
Equipment
Inventory
Receivable
Bank

₹

3,000,000
1,080,000
1,600,000
965,000
130,000

6,775,000
(820,000)

5,955,000

Less liabilities (Payables)

NAME :- ONOCHIE EMMANUELLA ONYERAKTUKKI

MATRIC NO :- 17/SMS02/052

COURSE CODE :- ACC 302 (INTERMEDIATE FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING).

ASSIGNMENT

DISCIPLINE LTD

1.) Computation of Earnings (Adjustment of various charges)

	2013 ₹	2014 ₹	2015 ₹
Profit	650,000	720,000	835,000
Overvaluation of stock/inventory	120,000		
Overcharged directors remuneration	(500,000 - 375,000) 125,000	(580,000 - 375,000) 205,000	(600,000 - 375,000) 225,000
Undercharged depreciation	(150,000) (600,000 - 450,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)
Adjusted Profit	745,000	775,000	910,000
Average =	$\frac{745,000 + 775,000 + 910,000}{3}$		

= 810,000

P/E basis = P/E average x Average Earnings

P/E Average = $\frac{5.4 + 6.6}{2} = 6$

∴ 6 x 810,000 = ₹4,860,000

2. Dividend Yield Basis = $\frac{\text{current dividend}}{\text{Dividend yield}}$