

$$\int \cos^2 x \sin^3 x \, dx$$

Soln

Since in odd, $u = \cos x$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$dx = \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \cos^2 x \sin^3 x \, dx &= \int \cos^2 x \sin x \cdot \sin^2 x \, dx \\ &= \int \cos^2 x \sin x (1 - \cos^2 x) \, dx \\ &= \int u^2 (1 - u^2) (-du) / \sin x \\ &= - \int (u^2 - u^4) du \\ &= - \left[\frac{u^3}{3} - \frac{u^5}{5} \right] + C \\ &= - \frac{u^3}{3} + \frac{u^5}{5} + C \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \cos^5 x - \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x + C\end{aligned}$$

$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x \, dx$$

Soln

Let $u = \sin x$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \cos x$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\cos x}$$

$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x \, dx = \int \cos x (1 - \cos^2 x) \, dx$$

$$= \int (u^3 - u) du$$

$$= \frac{u^4}{4} - \frac{u^2}{2} + C$$

$$= \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{2} + C$$

$$\therefore \int \cos x \sin^3 x \, dx = \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{2} + C$$

$$\int \cos^2 x \sin^2 x \, dx = \frac{\cos^3 x}{4} - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + C$$

$\int \sin^3 x dx$

Solution

$$\int \sin^3 x dx = \int (\sin^2 x) dx$$

$$= \int (1 - 2(\cos^2 x))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - 2(\cos^2 x))^3 (1 - 2(\cos^2 x)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - 4(\cos^2 x) + 4(\cos^4 x)) (1 - 2(\cos^2 x)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - 4(\cos^2 x) + 4(\cos^4 x) - 2(\cos^2 x) + 8(\cos^4 x) - 8(\cos^6 x)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - 6(\cos^2 x) + 12(\cos^4 x) - 8(\cos^6 x)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\int dx - 6 \int \cos^2 x dx + 12 \int \cos^4 x dx - 8 \int \cos^6 x dx \right)$$

$$\text{but } \int \cos^3 x dx = \int \cos^2 x \cos x dx = \int \cos^2 x (1 - \cos^2 x) dx = \int (\cos^2 x - \cos^4 x) dx$$

$$= \int \cos^2 x dx - \int \cos^4 x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 2x + (\cos 4x)) dx$$

$$\text{from } \cos(A+B) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B))$$

$$\int \cos^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 2x + \cos 0) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 2x dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \cos 0 dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \cos 2x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\sin 0x}{1} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\sin 2x}{2}$$

$$\int \cos^2 x dx = \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + \frac{\sin 0x}{4} + \frac{\sin 2x}{8}$$

$$\int \sin^6 x dx = \frac{1}{8} \int dx - 6 \int \cos^2 x dx + 6 \int \cos^4 x dx - 8 \int \cos^6 x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(x - 6 \left(\frac{\sin 2x}{4} + \frac{\sin 0x}{4} + \frac{\sin 2x}{8} \right) - 8 \left(\frac{\sin 2x}{4} \cdot \frac{\sin 0x}{1} + \frac{\sin 2x}{8} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(x - \frac{3}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{3}{4} x + \frac{3}{16} \sin 4x - \sin 2x + \frac{2}{8} \sin 2x - \frac{2}{8} \sin 2x + C \right)$$

$$= \frac{2x}{8} - \frac{6 \sin 2x}{8} + \frac{3x}{4} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{16} - \frac{\sin 2x}{8} + C$$

$$\therefore \int \sin^6 x dx = \frac{7x}{8} - \frac{6 \sin 2x}{8} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{16} - \frac{\sin 2x}{24} + C$$