

AKINLADE OLUNWANIYI ELISHA 19/MTHSO1/072 MBBS

1. Find  $\int \sin^6 x \, dx$

Recall;  $\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2x)$   $2\cos A \cos B = \cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2x)$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$$

Soln.

$$= \int (\sin^2 x)^2 \cdot \sin^2 x \, dx = \int \frac{(1 - \cos 2x)^2}{4} \cdot \sin^2 x \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - 2\cos 2x + \cos^2 2x) (0.5(1 - \cos 2x)) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int \left[ 1 - 2\cos 2x + \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 4x) \right] (1 - \cos 2x) \, dx \quad \left( \cos^2 2x = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 4x) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int \left( \frac{3}{2} - 2\cos 2x + \frac{\cos 4x}{2} \right) (1 - \cos 2x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3\cos 2x}{2} - 2\cos 2x + 2\cos^2 2x + \frac{\cos 4x}{2} - \frac{\cos 4x \cos 2x}{2} \right) \, dx$$

Simplifying what's inside the bracket;

$$= \frac{3}{2} - \frac{7}{2} \cos 2x + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 4x) + \frac{\cos 4x}{2} - \frac{\cos 4x \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} - \frac{7}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{3}{2} \cos 4x - \frac{\cos 4x \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$\therefore \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \left[ \int \frac{5}{2} \, dx - \frac{7}{2} \int \cos 2x \, dx + \frac{3}{2} \int \cos 4x \, dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 4x \cos 2x \, dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left[ \frac{5x}{2} - \frac{7}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{3}{8} \sin 4x - \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 6x + \cos 2x) \, dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left[ \frac{5x}{2} - \frac{7}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{3}{8} \sin 4x - \frac{\sin 6x}{24} - \frac{\sin 2x}{8} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left[ \frac{5x}{2} - \frac{15 \sin 2x}{6} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{6} - \frac{\sin 6x}{24} \right] + C_n$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} \left[ 10x - \frac{15 \sin 2x}{2} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{2} - \frac{\sin 6x}{6} \right] + C_n$$

2. Find  $\int \sin^3 x \cos^4 x \, dx$

Soln.

$$\text{Let } u = \cos x \quad \rightarrow \quad = \int \sin^2 x \cdot u^4 \cdot \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{dx = -du}{\sin x} \quad = \int \sin^2 x \cdot -u^4 \, du$$

$$= \int (1 - \cos^2 x) \cdot -u^4 \, du \quad \left[ \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1 \right]$$

$$= \int (-u^4 + u^6) \, du$$

$$= \frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^5}{5} + C$$

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^4 x \, dx = \frac{\cos^7 x}{7} - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + C \quad [u = \cos x]$$

3. Find  $\int \sin^3 x \cos x \, dx$

Soln.

$$\text{Let } u = \sin x, \quad dx = \frac{du}{\cos x} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \int u^3 \cdot \cos x \cdot \frac{du}{\cos x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int u^3 \, du = \frac{u^4}{4} + C$$

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos x \, dx = \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} + C_u \quad [u = \sin x]$$