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DEPARTMENT: MBBS

1.  $\sin^6 x$

$$\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$\int (1 - \cos^2 x)^3 dx$$

$$\int (1 - \cos^2 x)^2 (1 - \cos^2 x) dx$$

$$\int (1 - 2\cos^2 x + \cos^4 x)(1 - \cos^2 x) dx$$

$$\int (1 - 3\cos^2 x + 3\cos^4 x - \cos^6 x) dx$$

Using  $\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2x)$

$$\int \left( 1 - 3 \left( \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2x) \right) + 3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(1 + \cos 2x)^2 \right) - \left( \frac{1}{8}(1 + \cos 2x)^3 \right) \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( 1 - \frac{3}{2}(1 + \cos 2x) + \frac{3}{4}(1 + \cos 2x)^2 - \frac{1}{8}(1 + \cos 2x)^3 \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( 1 - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2}\cos 2x + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{2}\cos 2x + \frac{3}{4}\cos^2 2x - \frac{1}{8} - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{8}\cos^2 2x - \frac{1}{8}\cos^3 2x \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2}\cos 2x + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{2}\cos 2x + \frac{3}{4}\cos^2 2x - \frac{1}{8} - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{8}\cos^2 2x - \frac{1}{8}\cos^3 2x \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{4}\cos^2 2x - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{8}\cos^2 2x - \frac{1}{8}\cos^3 2x \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{4} \frac{(1 + \cos 4x)}{2} - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{8} \frac{(1 + \cos 4x)}{2} - \frac{1}{8}(\cos^3 2x - \cos 2x) \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{8}\cos 4x - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{16} - \frac{3}{16}\cos 4x - \frac{1}{8}(\cos^2 2x - \cos 2x) \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{8}\cos 4x - \frac{5}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{16}\cos 4x - \frac{1}{8}(\cos^2 2x - \cos 2x) \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{8}\cos 4x - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{16}\cos 4x - \frac{1}{8}(1 - \sin^2 x)(\cos 2x) \right) dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{8}\cos 4x - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{16}\cos 4x - \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - \sin^2 x)(\cos 2x) dx \right)$$

$$\int \left( \frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{6}\cos 4x - \frac{3}{8}\cos 2x - \frac{3}{16}\cos 4x \right)$$

$$= \frac{5x}{16} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{32} - \frac{3 \sin 2x}{16} - \frac{3 \sin 4x}{64}$$

Find  $\int (1 - \sin^2 2x)(\cos 2x)$

Let  $y = \sin 2x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \cos 2x$$

$$\frac{1}{2} dy = \cos 2x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (1 - y^2) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( y - \frac{y^3}{3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{y}{2} - \frac{y^3}{6}$$

$$= \frac{\sin 2x}{2} - \frac{\sin^3 2x}{6}$$

Add everything

$$= \frac{5x}{16} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{32} - \frac{2 \sin 2x}{16} - \frac{3 \sin 4x}{64} - \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\sin 2x}{2} - \frac{\sin^3 2x}{6} \right) + C$$

$$= \frac{5x}{16} + \frac{3 \sin 4x}{32} - \frac{3 \sin 2x}{16} - \frac{3 \sin 4x}{64} - \frac{\sin 2x}{16} + \frac{\sin^3 2x}{48} + C$$

$$\int \sin^6 x = 60x + 18 \sin 4x - 36 \sin 2x - 9 \sin 4x - 12 \sin 2x + 4 \sin^3 2x + C$$

$$\int \sin^6 x = 60x + 9 \sin 4x - 48 \sin 2x + 4 \sin^3 2x + C$$

2.  $\int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x dx$

Let  $u = \cos x$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x \quad dx = \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$\int u^4 \sin^3 x = \frac{du}{\sin x}$$

$$= \int u^4 \sin^2 x du$$

$$\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$= \int u^4 (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= \int u^4 - u^6 du$$



$$= \int u^6 - u^4 du$$

$$= \frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^5}{5} + C$$

$$\int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x dx = \frac{\cos^4 x}{7} - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + C$$

3.  $\int \cos x \sin^3 x dx$

Let  $u = \cos x$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\int \frac{u \sin^3 x \cdot -du}{\sin x}$$

$$= - \int u \sin^2 x du$$

$$= - \int u(1-u^2) du$$

$$= - \int u - u^3 du$$

$$= \int u^3 - u du$$

$$= \frac{u^4}{4} - \frac{u^2}{2} + C$$

$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x dx = \frac{\cos^4 x}{4} - \frac{\cos^2 x}{2} + C$$