

1.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^6 x \\
 &= \int (\sin^2 x)^3 \\
 \sin^2 x &= \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 2x) \\
 \sin^6 x &= \left[\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right]^3 \\
 \int \sin^6 x &= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - \cos 2x)^3 \\
 \int \sin^6 x &= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - 2\cos 2x + \cos^2 2x)(1 - \cos 2x) \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - \cos 2x - 2\cos 2x + 2\cos^2 2x + \cos^2 2x - \cos^3 2x) \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - 3\cos 2x + 3\cos^2 2x - \cos^3 2x) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} \int \left(1 - 3\cos 2x + 3 \left(\frac{1 + \cos 4x}{2} \right) - \cos 2x (1 - \sin^2 2x) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} \int \left(\frac{5}{2} - 4\cos 2x + \frac{3\cos 4x}{2} + \cos 2x \sin^2 2x \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{5x}{2} - 2\sin 2x + \frac{3\sin 4x}{8} + \frac{\sin^3 2x}{6} \right] + C \\
 &= \frac{5x}{16} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + \frac{3\sin 4x}{64} + \frac{\sin^3 2x}{48} + C
 \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x \\
 & u = \cos x \\
 & \frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x \\
 & du = -\sin x dx, \quad dx = \frac{du}{-\sin x} \\
 & \sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x \\
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x = \int \cos^4 x \sin^2 x \times \sin x \times \frac{du}{-\sin x} \\
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x = - \int (1 - \cos^2 x) u^4 du \\
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x = - \int (1 - u^2) u^4 du \\
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x = - \int (u^4 - u^6) du \\
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x = - \left[\frac{u^5}{5} - \frac{u^7}{7} \right] + C \\
 & \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x = \frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^5}{5} + C = \frac{\cos^7 x}{7} - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + C
 \end{aligned}$$

3.

3. $\int \cos x \sin^3 x dx$ where both are odd

$$u = \sin x = \frac{du}{dx} = \cos x$$
$$dx = \frac{du}{\cos x}$$
$$= \int \cancel{u^3}^{\cos x} \times \frac{du}{\cancel{\cos x}} = \int \cos x \times u^3 \times \frac{du}{\cos x}$$
$$= \int u^3 du$$
$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x = \frac{u^4}{4} + C$$
$$\int \cos x \sin^3 x = \frac{\sin^4 x}{4} + C$$