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**Time management** is the process of [planning](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Planning) and exercising [conscious](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Conscious) control of time spent on specific activities, especially to increase [effectiveness](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Effectiveness), [efficiency](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Efficiency), and [productivity](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Productivity). It involves a juggling act of various demands upon a person relating to [work](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Employment), [social life](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Interpersonal_relationship), [family](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Family), [hobbies](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hobby), personal interests and commitments with the finiteness of time. Using time effectively gives the person "[choice](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Choice)" on spending/managing activities at their own time and expediency. Time management may be aided by a range of skills, tools, and techniques used to [manage](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Management) time when accomplishing specific tasks, projects, and goals complying with a due date. Initially, time management referred to just business or work activities, but eventually the term broadened to include personal activities as well. A time management system is a designed combination of processes, tools, techniques, and methods. Time management is usually a necessity in any [project development](https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Project_development) as it determines the project completion time and scope. It is also important to understand that both technical and structural differences in time management exist due to variations in cultural concepts of time.

 time management include the following:

* Creating an environment conducive to effectiveness
* Setting of priorities
* The related process of reduction of time spent on non-priorities
* Implementation of goals