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Answer to Question ①

①

② $V = 415V$, % efficiency = 85%
 $F = 50Hz$ $P = 74.6k$

When ϕ P.F unifies, P.F = 1

$$C = \frac{kVAR}{2\pi f V^2}$$

$$kVAR = P \times C \tan \phi_{\text{of actual P.F}} \div \tan \phi_{\text{of target P.F}}$$

Actual P.F

$$\cos \theta = 0.7$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}(0.7) = 45.57$$

$$\tan 45.57 = 1.0201$$

Target P.F

$$\cos \theta = 1$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}(1) = 0$$

$$\tan 0 = 0$$

$$kVAR = 74.6 \times \frac{C}{1} \quad kVAR = 74.6 \times (1.0201 - 0)$$

$$kVAR = 76.10$$

$$C = \frac{kVAR}{2\pi f V^2} = \frac{76.10}{2 \times 3.14 \times 50 \times (415)^2}$$

$$C = 0.0000014 \quad \text{or} \quad C = 1.4 \times 10^{-6} C$$

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① When P.F is at 0.9 lagging

$$\text{actual P.F} = 1.0201$$

$$\text{target P.F} = \cos \theta = -0.9 \text{ (lagging)}$$

$$\theta = (\cos^{-1} -0.9)$$

$$\theta = 154.16$$

$$\tan(154.16) = -0.48$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kVAR} &= 74.6 \times (1.0201 - (-0.48)) \\ &= 117.9 \end{aligned}$$

$$C = \frac{\text{kVAR}}{2\pi f V^2} = \frac{117.9}{2 \times 3.142 \times 50 \times (415)^2}$$

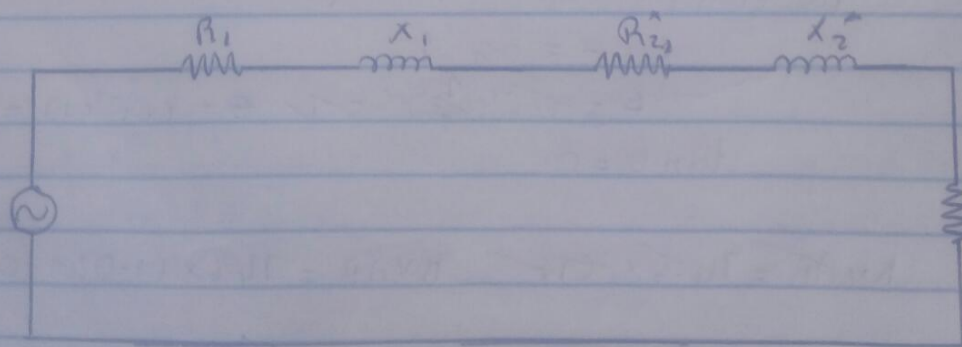
$$C = 0.00086 \text{ or } C = 8.6 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$C = 8.6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ F}$$

Question 2

$$V = 415 \text{ V} \quad 6 \text{ Pole, } 3 \phi$$

$$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$$



$$\text{Supply voltage per phase, } V = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}} = 239.60 \text{ V}$$

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Referring to rotor

$$R_{02} = (R_2 + k^2 R_1)$$

$$R_{02} = (1.173 + (5/6)^2 \times 0.25)$$

$$R_{02} = 1.347 \Omega$$

$$X_{02} = (X_2 + k^2 X_1)$$

$$X_{02} = j(0.52 + (5/6)^2 \times 0.75)$$

$$X_{02} = j1.041$$

$$Z_{02} = R_{02} + X_{02}$$

$$Z_{02} = 1.347 + j1.041$$

$$Z_{02} = \sqrt{1.347^2 + 1.041^2}$$

$$Z_{02} = \underline{1.7 \Omega}$$

To find rotor current

$$I_2 = \frac{E_2}{Z_{02}}$$

Recall that $E_2 = k V_1$

$$= 239.6 \times 0.85$$

$$= 199.67 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore I_2 = \frac{199.67}{1.7} = 117.45 \text{ A}$$

$$\therefore I_2 = \underline{117.45 \text{ A}}$$

②

$$V = 220 \text{ V DC}$$

$$I = 0.7 \text{ A}$$

$$N_{dc} = 2000 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{DC v}$$

$$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$$

$$R = 15 \Omega$$

$$L = 0.25 \text{ H}$$

$$\rightarrow$$

$$V = 220 \text{ V AC}$$

$$I = 0.7 \text{ A}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{AC}$$

$$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$$

$$I = 0.7 \text{ A}$$

For DC

$$V - E_b = IR$$

$$E_b = V - IR$$

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$$E_{bdc} = 220 - (0.7 \times 15)$$

$$E_{bdc} = 209.5V$$

Speed on DC

$$N_{dc} = 2000 \text{ rpm}$$

$$E_{bac} = \sqrt{V^2 - (XL)^2} - IR$$

$$E_{bac} = \sqrt{220^2 - (54.98)^2} - 10.5V$$

$$E_{bac} = 84.98 \times 202.52V$$

$$\frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{E_{b2}}{E_{b1}}$$

$$\frac{N_{ac}}{N_{dc}} = \frac{E_{bac}}{E_{bdc}}$$

$$N_{ac} = \frac{N_{dc} \times E_{bac}}{E_{bdc}} = \frac{2000 \times 202.52}{209.5V}$$

$$N_{ac} = 1933.4 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\text{P.F., } \cos \phi = \frac{E_{bac} + IR}{V} = \frac{202.52 + 15 \times 0.7}{220}$$
$$= 0.968 \text{ lagging}$$

(ii) Universal motor