

$$V = 415V$$

3 $\phi$ , 4 wire

$$f = 50\text{ Hz}$$

PF = 0.7 lagging

Efficiency = 85%

$$P = 74.6\text{ kW}$$

a)  $V_{\text{int}} = 1$

$$C = \frac{\text{KVAR}}{2\pi f V^2}$$

$$2\pi f V^2$$

$$\text{KVAR} = P \times (\tan \text{ actual PF} - \tan \text{ target PF})$$

Actual PF;  $\cos \theta = 0.7$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.7$$

$$\theta = 45.57^\circ$$

$$\tan(45.57) = 1.0201$$

target PF;  $\cos \theta = 1$ ;  $V_{\text{int}} = 1$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 1$$

$$\theta = 0^\circ$$

$$\tan(0) = 0$$

$$\text{KVAR} = P \times (1.0201 - 0)$$

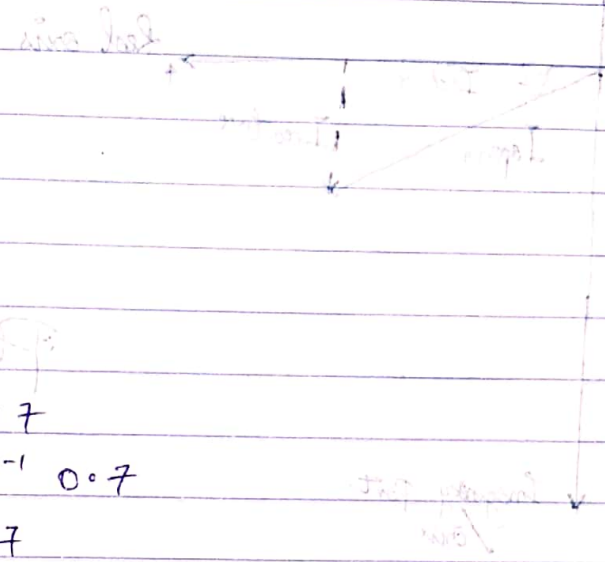
$$= 74.6 (1.0201)$$

$$= 76.1$$

$$C = \frac{76.1}{2 \times \pi \times 50 \times 415^2}$$

$$= 1.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

b) 0.9



$$C = \frac{\text{KVAR}}{2 \pi f V^2}$$

Actual pf ;  $\cos \theta = 0.7$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.7$$

$$\theta = 45.57$$

$$\tan 45.57^\circ = 1.0201$$

target Pf ;  $\cos \theta = 0.9$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.9$$

$$\theta = 154.16^\circ$$

$$\tan 154.16^\circ = -0.48$$

$$\text{KVAR} = P \times [1.0201 - (-0.48)]$$

$$= 74.6 [1.0201 + 0.48]$$

$$= 111.90$$

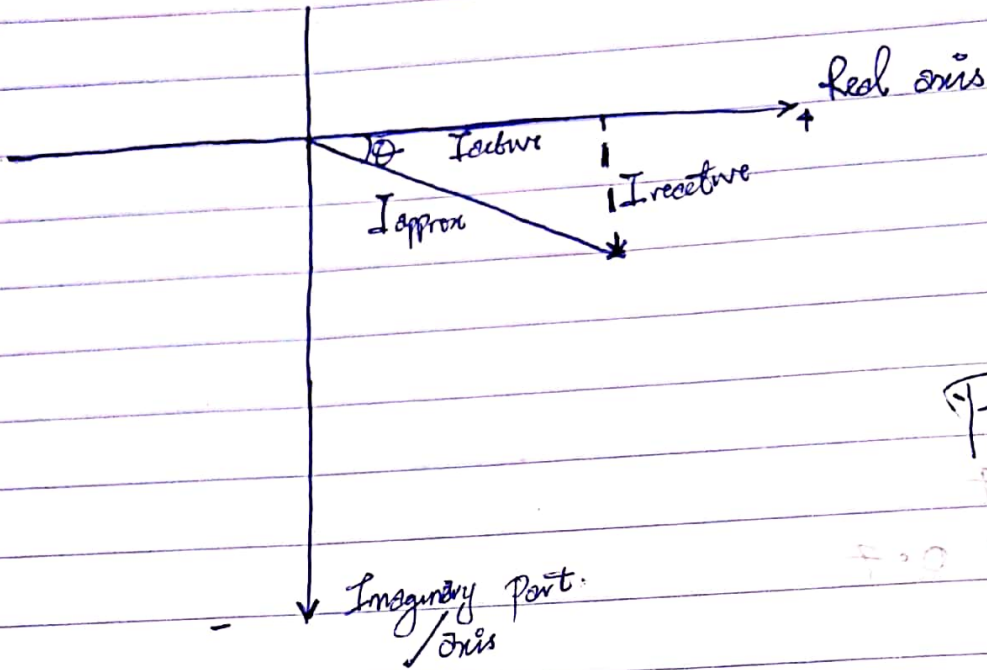
$$\approx 112$$

$$C = \frac{112}{2 \times \pi \times 50 \times 415^2}$$

$$= 2.068 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

17/04/2018

Elect / Elect



Phasor diagram

$$1050.1 = 1.0501$$

$$P \cdot 0 = 0.01$$

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$$P = 100.01$$

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The type of motor is the 3 phase induction motor

Soolvl

17/ENG04/038

ELECT/ELECT MACHINES TEST

$$2 \quad V = 415 \text{ V}$$

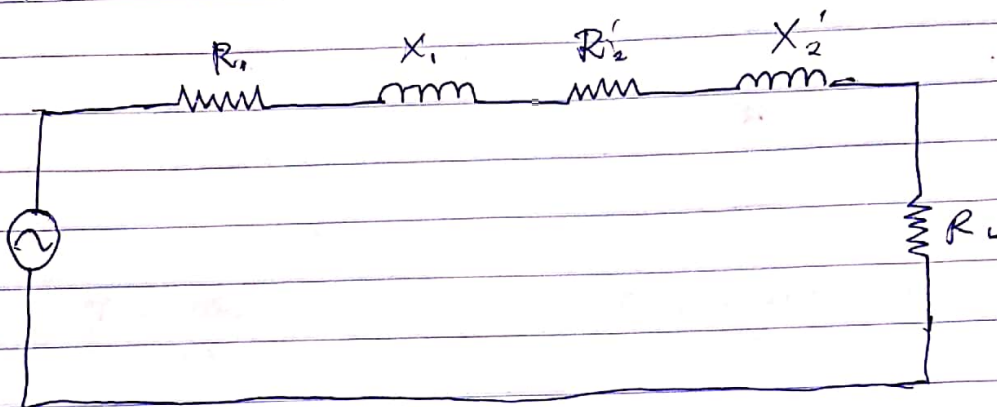
$$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\text{No of poles} = 6$$

$$k = \frac{5}{6} = 0.83$$

$$Z_1 = 0.25 + j0.75 \quad \text{--- Stator}$$

$$Z_2 = 1.173 + j0.52 \quad \text{--- Rotor}$$



Supply Voltage per phase,  $V = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}}$  ; since it is a 3 phase ;  $\sqrt{3}$

$$= 239.60 \text{ V}$$

Referring to the Rotor;

$$R_{02} = (R_2 + k^2 R_1)$$

$$= [1.173 + \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 \times 0.25]$$

$$= 1.347 \Omega$$

$$X_{02} = (X_2 + k^2 X_1)$$

$$= j [0.52 + \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 \times 0.75]$$

$$= 1.041 j \Omega$$

$$Z_{02} = R_{02} + X_{02}$$

$$= 1.347 + j1.041$$

$$Z_{02} = \sqrt{1.347^2 + 1.041^2}$$

$$= 1.7 \Omega$$

2) 300LV (17) ENG 09 (038) ELECT

$$b) \cdot I_2 = \frac{E_2}{Z_{02}}$$

Recall:  $E_2 = K V_1$

$$E_2 = 239.6$$

$$I_2 = 0.83 \times 239.60$$

$$E_2 = 199.67 \text{ N}$$

$$\therefore I_2 = \frac{199.67}{1.7}$$

$$= 117.45 \text{ A}$$

- 3  $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$   
 $N_s = 2000 \text{ rpm (DC)}$   
 $I = 0.7 \text{ A}$   
 $V = 220 \text{ V DC}$   
 $R = 15 \Omega$   
 $L = 0.25 \text{ H}$

a)  $E_{ac} = V - IR$   
 $= 220 - (0.7 \times 15)$   
 $= 209.5 \text{ V}$

Recall;

$$E_{ac} = \sqrt{V - (IX_L)^2} - IR$$

$$\therefore IX_L = 0.7 \times 2\pi \times 50 \times 0.25$$

$$= 54.98 \text{ V}$$

$$IR = 0.7 \times 15$$

$$= 10.5 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore E_{ac} = \sqrt{220^2 - 54.98^2} - 10.5^2$$

$$= 213.02 - 10.5$$

$$= 202.52 \text{ V}$$

Speed of the Motor

Recall;  $\frac{N_{ac}}{N_{dc}} = \frac{E_{ac}}{E_{dc}}$

$$\frac{N_{ac}}{2000} = \frac{202.52}{209.5}$$

3) 300W | 7% energy loss

Effect Effect

b) Power factor of the Motor

$$Pf = \frac{P + IR}{V}$$

$$= \frac{202.52 + 10.5}{220}$$

$$= 0.97$$

c) Torque Developed by the motor;

$$T = \frac{6I}{2\pi N/60}$$

$$= \frac{202.52 \times 0.97}{2\pi \times 1933.37/60}$$

$$= 0.7 Nm$$

d) Universal Motor