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QUESTION 1

practical P.F. (1)

$$V = 415V \quad 3-\phi \quad F = 50Hz \quad P.F = 0.71 \quad P = 74.61$$

$$V_{line} = 415 \quad \text{or } V_{line} = \sqrt{3} V_{phase}$$

$$V_{phase} = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}} = 239.6$$

$$\rightarrow \text{actual P.F} = \cos \theta = 0.7$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.7 = 45.57^\circ$$

$$\tan 45.57 = 1.0257$$

i) ~~$\tan 45.57 = 1.0257$~~

i) $\tan \theta = 1$

$$C = \frac{kVAR}{2\pi f V^2}$$

$$kVAR = P \times (\tan(\text{P Factor actual}) - \tan(\text{P.F target}))$$

$$\text{target P.F} = \cos \theta = 1$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 1$$

$$= 0$$

$$\tan 0 = 0$$

$$kVAR = 76.4 (1.0257 - 0) = 76.10$$

$$C = \frac{76.10}{2 \times 3.142 \times 50 \times 239.6^2}$$

$$= 42.2 \times 10^{-6} F$$

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ii) 0.9 lagging

$$\text{Target P.F} = \cos \theta = -0.9$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}(-0.9)$$

$$\theta = 154.16$$

$$\tan \theta = -0.481$$

$$\text{KVAR} = 74.6 \times (1.0251 - (-0.48))$$
$$= 111.90$$

$$C = \frac{\text{KVAR}}{2\pi f V^2}$$

$$= \frac{111.90}{2 \times 3.142 \times 50 \times 239.6^2}$$

$$= 0.0000062 \approx 6.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F}$$

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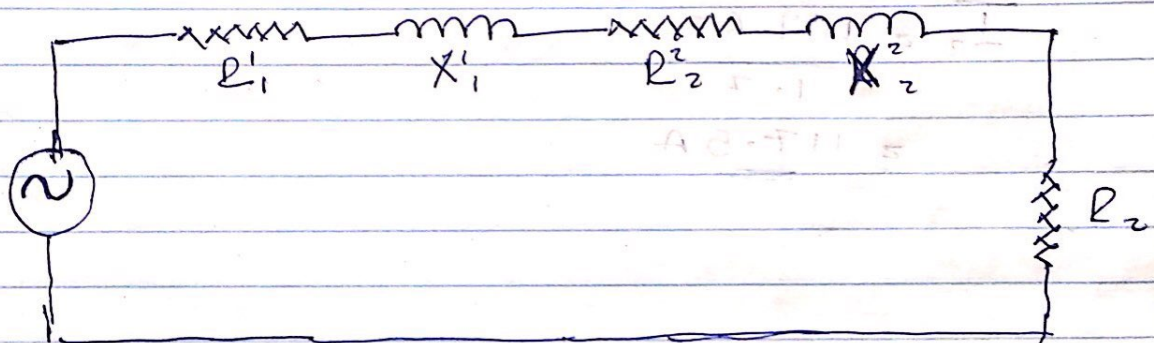
It is a Three-phase Induction motor

QUESTION 2

$V = 415 \text{ V}$

Pole pair = 6

$Z_1 = 0.25 + j0.75$ — stator
 $Z_2 = 1.173 + j0.52$ — rotor



Supply Voltage per phase $V = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}} = 239.60 \text{ V}$

To rotor:

$$R_{02} = (R_2 + k^2 R_1)$$

$$= (1.173 + \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 \times 0.25)$$

$$= 1.347 \Omega$$

$$X_{02} = (X_2 + k^2 X_1)$$

$$= j(0.52 + \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 \times 0.75)$$

$$= j1.041 \Omega$$

$$Z_{02} = \sqrt{R_{02}^2 + X_{02}^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1.347^2 + j1.041^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1.347^2 + 1.041^2}$$

$$= 1.7 \Omega$$

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To Find rotor current

$$I_2 = \frac{E_2}{Z_{02}}$$

Recall that $E_2 = kV_1$

$$= 239.6$$

$$= 239.6 \times 0.85$$

$$= 199.67$$

$$I_2 = \frac{199.67}{1.7}$$

$$= 117.5 \text{ A}$$

Question 3

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350 LXL

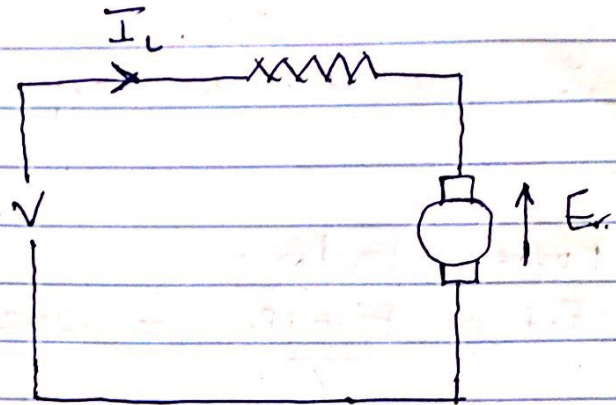
$$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$$

$$N_s = 1000 \text{ rpm}$$

$$R = 15 \Omega$$

$$I = 0.7 \text{ A}$$

$$V = 220 \text{ V}$$



(i)
$$E_{dc} = V - IR$$

$$= 220 - (0.7 \times 15)$$

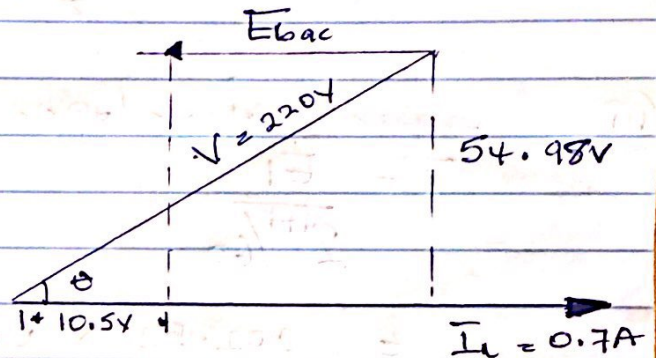
$$= 209.5 \text{ V}$$

$$E_{ac} = \sqrt{V^2 - (IX_L)^2} - IR$$

$$IX_L = 0.7 \times 2\pi fL$$

$$= 0.7 \times 2 \times 3.142 \times 50 \times 0.25$$

$$= 54.98 \text{ V}$$



$$IR = 0.7 \times 15$$

$$= 10.5 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore E_{ac} = \sqrt{220^2 - 54.98^2} - 10.5$$

$$= 213.02 - 10.5$$

$$= 202.52 \text{ V}$$

(ii) Speed of Motor

$$\frac{E_{ac}}{E_{dc}} = \frac{N_{ac}}{N_{dc}}$$

$$\frac{202.52}{209.5} = \frac{N_{ac}}{2000}$$

$$I_{ac} = \frac{2000 \times 202.52}{209.5}$$

$$\therefore I_{ac} = 1933.4 \text{ rpm}$$

(ii) Power Factor.

$$P.F = \frac{E + IR}{V} = \frac{202.52 + 10.5}{220}$$

$$= 0.97$$

(iii) Torque developed

$$T = \frac{EI}{2\pi n/60}$$

$$= \frac{202.52 \times 0.7}{2 \times 3.142 \times 1933.37 / 60}$$

$$= 0.7 \text{ Nm}$$

(iv) Universal Motor.