

Oliver - Atete Peace - 0

12/10/2016

Electrical electronics

①

$$V = 415V \quad 3\phi \quad 4W/m^2 \quad f = 50Hz$$

$$P = 74.6$$

$$P.F = 0.7 \quad \text{efficiency} = 35\%$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{unity} = 1$$

$$C = \frac{kVAR}{2\pi fV^2}$$

$$kVAR = P \times \left[\frac{1}{\cos \theta_{\text{actual}}} - \frac{1}{\cos \theta_{\text{target}}} \right]$$

$$\text{actual p.f} = \cos \theta = 0.7$$

$$\theta = 45.57^\circ$$

$$\tan(\cos^{-1} 0.7) = 1.0201$$

$$\text{target p.f} = \cos \theta = 1$$

$$\theta = 0 \quad \tan 0 = 0$$

$$kVAR = 74.6 \times (1.0201 - 0)$$

$$\approx 76.0$$

$$C = \frac{76.0}{2\pi \times 50 \times 415^2} \approx 1.4 \times 10^{-6} C$$

u) $\cos \theta = 0.9$

$$\text{Actual p.f} = 1.0201$$

$$\text{target p.f} = \cos \theta = 0.9$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.9 = 26.1^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta = 0.48$$

$$kVAR = 74.6 \times (1.0201 - 0.48)$$

$$\approx 39.7$$

$$C = \frac{39.7}{2\pi \times 50 \times 415^2}$$

$$\approx 7.97 \times 10^{-7} C$$

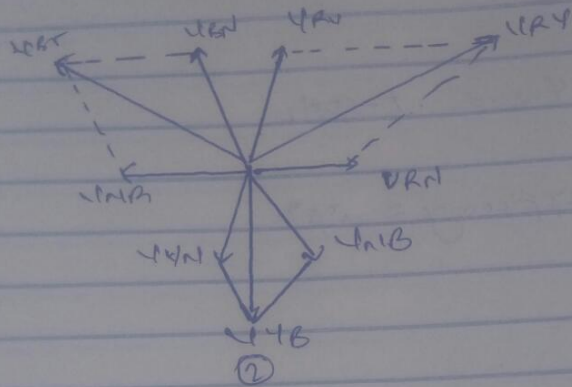
$$\approx 8.6 \times 10^{-7} C$$

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Elect. Circuit

②



$V_L = 418.4$

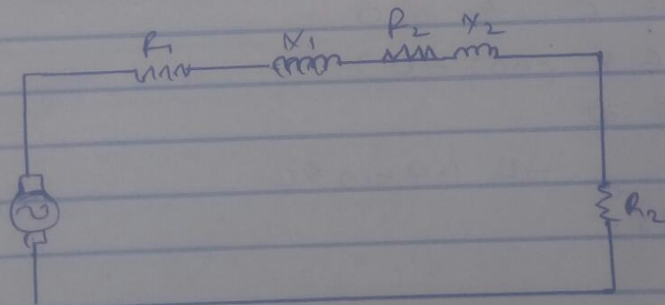
No. of pairs = 6

$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$

$k = 0.85$

$Z_1 = 0.25 + j0.78$

$Z_2 = 1.73 + j0.62$



Supply voltage for phase $V_L \frac{418}{\sqrt{3}} = 239.60 \text{ V}$

Referring to rotor $R_{02} = R_2 + k^2 R_1$
 $= (1.73 + (0.85)^2 \times 0.25)$

$R_{02} = 1.347 \Omega$

$X_{02} = X_2 + k^2 X_1 = j(0.62 + (0.85)^2 \times 0.78)$
 $= j1.041$

$Z_{02} = R_{02} + jX_{02} = 1.347 + j1.041$

$Z_{02} = \sqrt{1.492 + 1.041^2}$
 $= 1.7 \Omega$

PH 1062 Elect Circuit

to find rotor current

$$I_2 = \frac{E_2}{Z_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Recall that } E_2 &= kv_1 \\ &= 237.6 \times 0.85 \\ &= 199.67V \end{aligned}$$

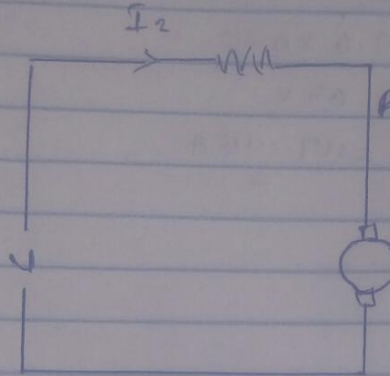
$$I_2 = \frac{199.67}{1.7} = 117.45A$$

Electrical electronics Engineering

②

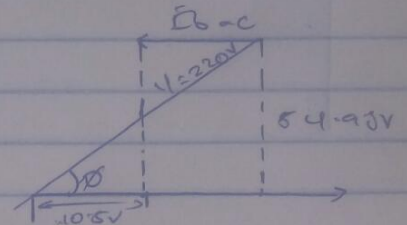
On DC supply,
 supply voltage $V = 220 \text{ V}$
 current $I = 0.7 \text{ A}$

$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$
 $P = 1/4 \text{ HP}$
 $N = 2000 \text{ rpm}$
 $V = 220 \text{ V}$
 $R = 15 \text{ } \Omega$
 $L = 0.25 \text{ H}$



On AC supply
 Resistance drop $= I_2 \times R$
 $= 0.7 \times 15$
 $= 10.5 \text{ V}$

Reactance voltage drop
 $= I_2 \times X_L = 0.7 \times 2\pi f L$
 $X_L = 2\pi \times 50 \times 0.25$
 $= 54.98 \text{ V}$



$$V - E_b = I_2 \times R$$

$$V - [I_2 \times R] = E_b$$

$$E_b = 209.5 \text{ V}$$

$$E_{bac} = \sqrt{V^2 - (X_L)^2} - I_2 R = 202.8 \text{ V}$$

① Speed $\frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{E_{b2}}{E_{b1}} \quad \frac{N_{ac}}{N_{dc}} = \frac{E_{bac}}{E_{bdc}}$

$$N_{ac} = 2000 \times \frac{202.8 \text{ V}}{209.5 \text{ V}}$$

$$N_{ac} = 1933.37 \text{ rpm}$$

Power factor, $\cos \phi = \frac{E_{bac} + I_2 R}{V}$

$$= \frac{202.52 + 10.8}{220}$$

$$= 0.968 \text{ lagging}$$

Torque developed $T_w = \frac{E_{bac} \times I}{\omega}$

$$T_{ac} = \frac{E_{bac} \times I}{\omega}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi n$$

$$T_{ac} = \frac{E_{bac} \times I}{2\pi \times \frac{N_{ac}}{60}} = \frac{202.82 \times 0.7 \times 60}{2\pi \times 1933.37} = 0.700 \text{ Nm}$$