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HUMAN RIGHT VIOLENCE

Human rights are basic rights of freedom that belong to every person in the world, from birth until death. Today, these rights help to protect our private and family lives and allow us to enjoy a free press. They give us the right to form partnership with and love whoever we want to. We have the right to demonstrate peace and fight to free speech, in fact, we have the right to education, the right to fair trial, the right to vote in free and fair elections, the protection of law, the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion, ultimately, the right to life. Human rights protect our way of life.

Life liberty and physical safety are basic human rights. They are not optional but many in this world are not free.

In many places, the right to minorities, women and girls and the disabled are abused. Some are denied health care, girls are forced to marry at a very young age, disabled people are ridiculed, all are at risk of physical abuse. Being kept out of school and job inequality if they can find jobs at all. In some countries, ethnic minorities who have lived on their land for hundreds of years are denied citizenship and basic freedoms, more than one million children are bought and sold each year, many of the girls are forced into prostitution. In some regions of Africa, albinos are oppressed and even killed just because they have light skin.

Sexual abuse and violence is a human right issue and not a gender issue. Men and boys are also victims of sexual abuse and violence committed by both male and female perpetrators. One in six boys will be sexually abused before their 18th birthday. Thousands of children, boys and girls, throughout the world are sexually abused in where should have been their safe place.

Various forms of violence have been recognized as human right issue including harmful traditional practices, torturing, trafficking, violence against women and children. Less attention is given, however, to the concept that the degree to which human rights are respected, protected and fulfilled directly influences the underlying societal conditions that give rise to violence. Several risk factors shared by multiple types of violence. For example poverty, high unemployment rates, gender inequality, racial discrimination, and weak economic and social safety nets are closely linked to human rights such as the right to equality and freedom from discrimination, the right to education, the right to an adequate standard of living, and the right to social security. One of the nine major recommendations of the world report and violence is to promote and monitor adherence to international treaties, laws and other mechanisms to protect human rights. While human rights must be promoted and fulfilled for their own sake, and not merely as a means of reducing violence, policy-makers interested in violence prevention must understand that widespread guarantee of human rights will dramatically improve the conditions that make people vulnerable to violence.

So many people have been deprived their rights and together we can make a change by rioting, speaking up and helping the those who are deprived of their rights. Together we can make a change.