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Dept.: I R D

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Questions 1:

John Rawl’s first principle

In John Rawl’s first principle he talked about equal basic liberties of two fundamental capacities of power correspondingly two higher –order interests in the realization of those capacities.

The notion of two powers of citizen is understood to include the idea that in a democratic society citizens are both equal and free. his principle basically is about individuals having freedom and power to do what they want to do in the society and that all citizens should be equal and on the same level.

Also his first principle emphasizes on the fact that liberty of freedom and conscience of personal association example; like the human rights of freedom of movement and speech. he just lays hands on the fact that every individual/citizens living in the society should be equal and have equal rights and no one should be above the law but in the same footing.

Question 2:

The second principle: distributive economic justice

The second principle of Rawl’s he believes that an absolute equality of opportunity with respect to such starting points can never be achieved .and its precisely where fundamental equality in starting points is not fully and strictly achieved. He also called it the principle of everyone’s continual benefit, and that justice should always prevail and the economy. It remains now only to state that principle of distributive economic justice, that now only to state that principle succinctly’ ’social and economic justice are to satisfy two conditions and that is fair equality and distributive economic justice.

Question 3

The original position

Rawl’s envisions two main roles for the original position. in its first original position is to serve as a screening device for the candidate principles, that is principle taken from a short list of main historical available theories of justice –such as Plato’s republic, various versions of utilitarianism and so on. here the features of the original position to serve as a checklist against which the candidate principle are to be measured and to be assessed.

Question 4

Summarize john Rawls idea of justice:

In my own way of understanding basically john Rawls idea of justice is for the stability of every individual/citizen for them to be equal and be on the same footing .and that every opportunity is equal and the absolute right of every citizen should be taken and that there is freedom of movement and all that , so basically that is his on idea of justice.