

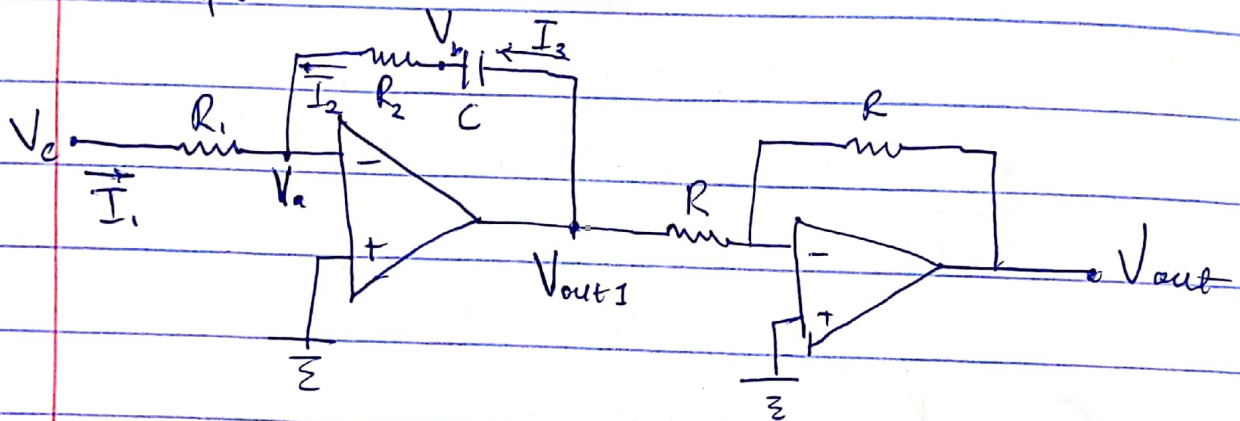
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course code: EEE 561

Proportional Integral Controller using  
OP-Amps



$$V_a = 0$$

$$I_1 + I_2 = 0, \quad I_3 - I_2 = 0$$

$$I_c = C \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$\frac{V_e}{R_1} + \frac{V_b}{R_2} = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$C \frac{d[V_{out1} - V_b]}{dt} - \frac{V_b}{R_2} = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$V_b = -\frac{R_2}{R_1} V_e \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Substitute eqn (3) into eqn (2)

$$C \frac{dV_{out}}{dt} + \frac{CR_2}{R_1} \frac{dV_e}{dt} + \frac{V_e}{R_1} = 0 \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

Integrating eqn (4)

$$C \int_0^t \frac{dV_{out}}{dt} dt + \frac{CR_2}{R_1} \int_0^t \frac{dV_e}{dt} dt + \frac{1}{R_1} \int_0^t V_e dt = 0$$

$$C V_{out} + \frac{R_2 C}{R_1} V_e + \frac{V_e}{R_1} \int_0^t V_e dt = 0$$

making  $V_{out}$  subject of the formula

$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_2}{R_1} V_e - \frac{1}{R_1 C} \int_0^t V_e dt$$

$$V_{out} = -V_{out} + V(0)$$

$$V_{out} = +\frac{R_2}{R_1} V_e + \frac{1}{R_1 C} \int_0^t V_e dt + V(0)$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_e + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \frac{1}{R_2 C} \int_0^t V_e dt + V(0)$$

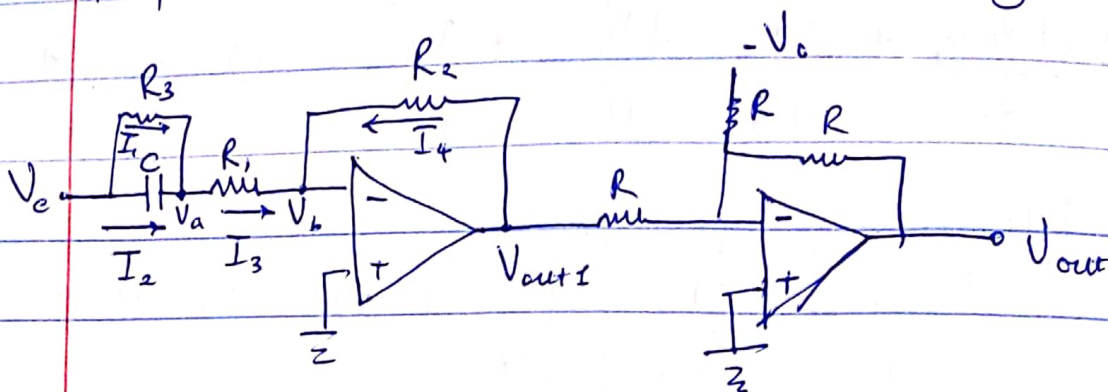
~~Proportional Derivative controller using OP-Amp~~

$$V_{out} = G_p V_e + G_p G_I \int_0^t V_e dt + V(0)$$

where  $G_p = \frac{R_2}{R_1}$

$$G_I = \frac{1}{R_2 C}$$

# Proportional Derivative Controller using OP-Amp



$$I_1 + I_2 - I_3 = 0$$

$$I_4 + I_3 = 0$$

$$\frac{V_e - V_a}{R_3} + C \frac{d[V_e - V_a]}{dt} - \frac{V_a}{R_1} = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{V_a}{R_1} + \frac{V_{out1}}{R_2} = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

substituting eqn (2) into eqn (1)

$$V_a = -\frac{R_1}{R_2} V_{out1} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\frac{V_e}{R_3} + \frac{R_1}{R_2 R_3} V_{out1} + C \frac{dV_e}{dt} + \frac{C R_1}{R_2} \frac{dV_{out1}}{dt} + \frac{R_1}{R_1 R_2} V_{out1} = 0$$

taking Laplace transform

$$\frac{V_e(s)}{R_3} + \frac{R_1}{R_2 R_3} V_{out1}(s) + C s V_e(s) + \frac{C R_1}{R_2} V_{out1}(s) + \frac{R_1}{R_1 R_2} V_{out1}(s) = 0$$

$$-V_{out1} = \frac{V_e(s)}{R_3} + C s V_e(s)$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2 R_3} + \frac{C R_1}{R_2} + \frac{R_1}{R_1 R_2}$$



$$-V_{out1} = \frac{V_e(s)R_2 + sCR_3R_2V_e(s)}{R_1 + sCR_1R_3 + R_3}$$

dividing through by  $R_1 + R_3$

$$-V_{out1} = \frac{V_e(s)R_2 + sCR_3R_2V_e(s)}{R_1 + R_3}$$

$$= \left( \frac{R_1 + R_3}{R_1 + R_3} + \frac{sCR_1R_3}{R_1R_3} \right) \left( \frac{V_e(s)R_2 + sCR_3R_2V_e(s)}{1 + sCR} \right)$$

$$R = \frac{R_1R_3}{R_1 + R_3}$$

taking  $sCR \ll 1$

$$-V_{out1} = \frac{V_e(s)R_2 + sCR_3R_2V_e(s)}{R_1 + R_3}$$

$$V_{out1} = \frac{-V_e(s)R_2 + sCR_3R_2V_e(s)}{-R_1 - R_3}$$

$$V_{out} = -V_{out1} + V(0)$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{V_e(s)R_2 + sCR_3R_2V_e(s)}{R_1 + R_3} + V(0)$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_3} V_e(s) + \frac{sCR_3R_2}{R_1 + R_3} V_e(s) + V_0$$

Taking Inverse Laplace transform

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_3} V_e + \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_3} R_3 C \frac{dV_e}{dt} + V_0$$

$$V_{out} = G_P V_e + G_P G_D \frac{dV_e}{dt} + V_0$$

$$G_P = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_3}$$

$$G_D = R_3 C$$

$$G_D = R_3 C$$